BENGAL SHRIRAM HITECH CITY PRIVATE LIMITED

|CIN: U45203KA2006PTC040975| |Email: cs.spl@shriramproperties.com| Regd. Off: No. 31, 2nd Main Road, T. Chowdaiah Road, Sadashivanagar, Bengaluru – 560080

Boards' Report

The Directors have pleasure in presenting the 18th annual report on the business and operations of the Company together with the audited results for the financial year ended March 31, 2024.

1. Financial Highlights

(All amounts in ₹ Lakhs, unless otherwise specified)

2023-24	2022-23
13,857.15	11,954.69
1,993.24	554.88
15,850.39	12,509.57
14,970.40	16,308.99
879.99	(3799.42)
-	-
-	-
-	-
(4.84)	(4.62)
879.99	(3,799.42)
	13,857.15 1,993.24 15,850.39 14,970.40 879.99 - - - (4.84)

2. Review of Operations and overview

The Company achieved a profit of Rs. 879.99 Lakhs during FY 2023-24, successfully recovering from the previous year's loss amounting to Rs. 3,799.42 Lakhs. This recovery was driven by increased sales and a proven track record of optimizing resource utilization to reduce costs.

3. Transfer to Reserves

Due to prioritizing business expansion through internal funds, the Company did not transfer any amount to reserves.

4. Dividend

No dividend is recommended for the financial year.

5. Material changes and commitments, if any, affecting the financial position of the Company

There have been no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the end of the financial year and the date of the report, other than those disclosed in this Report.

6. Companies which have become or ceased to become Subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies during the year

The Company has availed the relaxation provided by Ministry of Corporate Affairs vide Notification on Companies (Accounts) Amendment Rules, 2016 dated 27th July, 2016, hence the annual accounts of SPL Estates Private Limited is being consolidated by the ultimate holding Company Shriram Properties Limited.

7. Highlights of performance of Subsidiary

Pursuant to Section 129 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared by the Company. A statement containing the salient features of the financial statements of subsidiary as required in Form AOC 1 is enclosed as **Annexure-1** to this Report.

8. Change in the nature of business, if any

There was no change in nature of business of the Company.

9. Deposits

The Company has not accepted any Deposits under Chapter V of the Companies Act, 2013.

10. Directors retiring by rotation.

During the year, Mr. Krishna Veeraraghavan (DIN: 06620405) retired by rotation and, being eligible and offered himself, the Board has recommended his reappointment as a Director of the Company to be considered by the shareholders at the 18th Annual General Meeting.

11. Details of Committees of the Board

The Board of Directors has constituted Four Committees viz., Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Stakeholders Relationship Committee and CSR Committee.

The Composition of the Board's Committees as on March 31, 2024 are below;

Audit Committee	Prof. R. Vaidyanathan	Chairman
	Mr. Balamurugan Jeeva	
	Rathinam	Member
	Mr. Krishna Veeraraghavan	Member
Nomination and Remuneration	Mr. Balamurugan Jeeva	
Committee	Rathinam	Chairman
	Prof. R. Vaidyanathan	Member
	Mr. M. Murali	Member

Corporate Social Responsibility	Mr. Prof. R. Vaidyanathan	Chairman
Committee	Mr. M. Murali	Member
	Mr. Krishna Veeraraghavan	Member

12. Number of meetings of the Board;

The number of Board and its committee meetings including the independent Directors meeting held during the year as below;

Sl.	Particular	Number of Meetings
No.		
1	Board meetings	8
2	Audit Committee	4
3	Nomination and Remuneration Committee	1
4	Independent Directors meeting	1
5	Corporate Responsibility Committee	1

Further, the meetings were held in adherence to the applicable guidelines of Secretarial Standards ('SS-1') issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India ('ICSI').

13. Declaration by Independent Directors

The Independent Directors of the Company have affirmed their independence as required under Section 149(7) of the Companies Act, 2013, confirming that they meet the criteria of independence.

The Independent Directors have complied with the Code for Independent Directors prescribed in Schedule IV to the Act.

The Company has formulated Code of Conduct for Directors and Senior Management Personnel and has complied with the provisions of the Code

14. Annual Performance Evaluation of the Board

In terms of Section 134 (3) (p) read with Articles VII and VIII of Schedule IV of the Companies Act, 2013, the Board has carried out an annual performance evaluation of its own performance and that of its committees and that of the Individual Directors.

The Board assessed the performance and the potential of each of the Independent Directors to maximise their contribution to the Board. As envisaged by the Act, the Independent Directors reviewed the performance of the other Directors also.

15. Salient features of the policy on Director's appointment and remuneration.

The Company has adopted the policy on criteria for determining the qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director and the remuneration to the directors, key managerial

personnel and other employees as approved by the Board of Directors on formulation and recommendation of the nomination and remuneration committee.

16. Statutory Auditors

At the Fifteenth Annual General Meeting of the shareholders of the Company held on September 30, 2021, the members appointed M/s. Walker Chandiok & Co LLP, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No.001076N/N500013), as Statutory Auditors of the Company for 5 years (second term) until the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting to be held in the year 2026.

The Auditor's Report for the year ending March 31, 2024 forms part of this Annual Report. The auditor's report has no qualification or adverse remark.

17. Secretarial Audit

Under Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel), Rules, 2014, Secretarial Audit for the Financial Year 2023-24 has carried out by Mr. P. Sriram, Practicing Company Secretary, (Membership No. FCS: 4862, CP: 3310).

The Secretarial audit report for the financial year 2023-24 is attached as annexure to this report and the report has no qualification or adverse remark.

18. Cost Records, Audit & Auditors

The Company has been maintaining the cost records as required under the provisions of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with relevant rules made thereunder.

M/s SBK & Associates, Cost Accountants (Registration Number – 000342) was appointed as cost auditor of the Company for the FY 2023-24 and the cost audit report issued by the cost auditors has no qualifications or adverse remarks.

19. Fraud Reporting

There have been no instances of fraud reporting by the Auditors under Section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made there under either to the Company or to the Central Government.

20. Particulars of loans, guarantees or investments under section 186

The provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 except sub-section (1) is not applicable to the Company.

21. Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption and Foreign Exchange Earnings and outgo:

With a view to conserve energy wherever possible and practicable, the Company has implemented suitable plans and devices. 'Power saving' monitors are used in the work stations.

Natural light is used during the daytime wherever possible. Further, awareness is also created among the employees towards the need to conserve the energy in their workplace & common facilities.

The Company has neither carried out any research and development activities during the year under review nor incurred any expenditure thereupon.

The Company endeavours to use the latest technologies for improving the productivity and quality of its services.

The Company caters to the domestic market only and has not undertaken any activities relating to export, initiatives to increase exports, development of new export markets for products and services or formulated any export plans.

Total foreign exchange used and earned (in Rs.)

Total expenditure in foreign exchange:	NIL
Total income in foreign exchange:	NIL

22. Particulars of Remuneration of Employees

There are no employees drawing remuneration more than the limits prescribed under Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

23. Obligation of Company under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013

The Company has adopted the holding Company's policy on Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace and is complied with the provisions of Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013. There has been no complaints received during the year.

24. Directors' Responsibility Statement

In terms of provisions of Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 the Directors confirms that:

- (a) in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- (b) they have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit and loss of the Company for that period;
- (c) they have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- (d) they have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis; and

(e) they have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively.

25. Corporate Social Responsibility

During the year, the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 was not applicable to Company.

26. Vigil Mechanism

The Company has adopted the Whistle Blower Policy of the holding Company and has a vigil mechanism in line with the Companies Act, 2013 to deal with instances of unethical and/or improper conduct and to take suitable steps to investigate and correct the same.

27. Internal Audit and Internal Financial Control

The Company has an Internal Financial Control System commensurate with the size, scale and complexity of its operations. The system is proper and adequate to ensure that all the assets of the Company are safeguarded and protected against any loss and that all the transactions are properly authorized and recorded.

Ernst & Young LLP were appointed as Internal Auditors for 3 years and they are presenting their report on the process followed by the Company in each department, adequacy of the systems, compliance and the Internal Financial Control System.

28. Risk Management Policy

The Company has developed and implemented a risk management framework detailing the various risks faced by the Company and methods and procedures for identification, monitoring and mitigation of such risks. The risk management function is complimentary to the internal control mechanism of the Company and supplements the audit function.

29. Particulars of contracts or arrangements with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 in the prescribed form

The related party transactions undertaken during the year were in ordinary course of business and at arm's length. Therefore the disclosure in form AOC-2 does not arise.

Further, the details of related party transactions for the FY 2023-24 are disclosed in Notes to Accounts of the financial Statements.

30. Directors or key managerial personnel who were appointed or have resigned during the year

During the reporting year no changes in the Directors and the key managerial personnel of the Company. However, Mr. Ramaswamy, Company Secretary of the Company was resigned from the position with effect from April 30, 2024.

31. Particulars of Loans, Guarantees and Investments

The details of the loans borrowed, guarantees provided and investments made by the Company during the year are provided under notes to accounts to the financial statements.

32. Significant and material orders passed by the regulators

There has been no significant or material orders passed by regulators or courts or tribunals impacting the going concern status and Company's operations in future.

No proceedings are pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016.

There was no instance of a one-time settlement with any Bank or Financial Institution.

33. Share Capital

Your Company's authorised and paid up share capital as on end of the reporting period as below;

Sl.	Clause of share	Authorised	Paid up
No.			
1	Class A 'Equity share capital of face	21,50,00,000	21,50,00,000
	value of ₹10 each		
2	Class B 'Equity share capital of face	12,50,00,000	12,50,00,000
	value of ₹10 each		
3	Class C 'Equity share capital of face	1,50,00,000	1,13,53,980
	value of ₹10 each		
4	Class D 'Equity share capital of face	75,00,000	75,00,000
	value of ₹10 each		
5	Class 'A' compulsorily convertible	13,50,00,000	13,48,00,000
	cumulative preference shares of ₹ 10		
	each		
	Total	49,75,00,000	49,36,53,980

Further, the Company has not granted any options to employees and no sweat equity shares was issued by the Company.

No funds required to be transferred to investor educations and protection funds.

34. Website Disclosure

Since, the Company has no functional website, the requirement of placing the annual return on the website of the Company does not applicable during the Financial Year 2023-24.

35. Secretarial Standards

The Company is in adherence to the applicable clauses of secretarial standards pertaining to the meeting of Board and shareholders of the Company.

36. The details of application made or any proceeding pending under the IBC, 2016.

No application made nor proceedings pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016, by or against your Company during the financial year 2023-24.

37. The details of difference between amount of the valuation done at the time of one time settlement and the valuation done while taking loan from the Banks or Financial Institutions along with the reasons thereof

There was no such instance taken place during the reporting period

38. Acknowledgements

Date: August 14, 2024

Place: Bengaluru

The Directors wish to place on record the appreciation and sincere thanks to the shareholders, customers, employees, suppliers, contractors, bankers, financial institutions, and statutory authorities for their continuous support, co-operation in the Company's progress.

For and on behalf of Bengal Shriram Hitech City Private Limited

SD/- SD/-

M. Murali Krishna Veeraraghavan

Director Director

DIN: 00030096 DIN: 06620405

Annexure 1 - AOC 1

A statement containing salient features of the financial statement of Subsidiaries/Associate Companies/Joint Ventures for the year ended March 31, 2023 (Pursuant to the first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Part "A": Subsidiaries (Rs.in Lakhs)

Sl. No	Name of the Subsidiary	The date since when the subsidiary was acquired	Share Capital	Reserves & Surplus	Total Assets	Total Liabilities	Investments (excluding Invest. in subsidiaries)	Turn over	Profit before taxation	Provision for taxation	Profit after Taxatio n	Proposed Dividend	% of share- holding
1	SPL Estates Private Limited	01.04.2019	0.10	-7,260	25,037	32,296	-	234	-1,366	-	-1,366	-	100%

Part "B": ASSOCIATES & JOINT VENTURES

(Rs. in Millions)

Sl.	Name of	The date	The date	Shares of	Amount of	The extent	Description	The reason why	Net worth	Profit	Considered	Not
No	the	since	on which	or Joint	Investment	of Holding	of how there	the	attributable	or	in	Considered in
	Subsidiary	when the	the	Ventures	in	(in	is a	associate/joint	to	Loss	Consolidation	Consolidation
		subsidiary	Associate	held by	Associates	percentage	significant	venture is not	shareholding	for		
		was	or Joint	the	or Joint		influence	Consolidated	as per	the		
		acquired	Venture	Company	Venture				latest	year		
			was	on					audited			
			associated	the year-					Balance			
			or	end					Sheet			
			acquired									
					Nil							

For and on behalf of Bengal Shriram Hitech City Private Limited

SD/- SD/-

Date: August 14, 2024 M. Murali Krishna Veeraraghavan

Place: Bengaluru Director Director

DIN: 00030096 DIN: 0662040

Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Unit No – 1, 10th Floor, My Home Twitza, APIIC, Hyderabad Knowledge City, Raidurg (Panmaktha) Village, Serilingampally Mandal, Ranga Reddy District, Hyderabad – 500 081 Telangana

T +91 40 4859 7178 **F** +91 40 6630 8230

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Bengal Shriram Hitech City Private Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

- We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Bengal Shriram Hitech City Private Limited ('the Company'), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Cash Flow and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.
- 2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2024, and its profit (including other comprehensive income), its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

4. The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Director's Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

The Director's Report is not made available to us at the date of this auditor's report. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

- 5. The accompanying financial statements have been approved by the Company's Board of Directors. The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation and presentation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 6. In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
- 7. The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

- 8. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.
- 9. As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing, specified under section 143(10) of the Act we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:
 - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement
 resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery,
 intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
 - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances under section 143(3)(i) of the Act we are also responsible for expressing
 our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial
 statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls;
 - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management;

- Conclude on the appropriateness of Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern; and
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 10. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 11. Based on our audit, we report that the Company has not paid or provided for any managerial remuneration during the year. Accordingly, reporting under section 197(16) of the Act is not applicable.
- 12. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ('the Order') issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Act we give in the Annexure I a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 13. Further to our comments in Annexure I, as required by section 143(3) of the Act based on our audit, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit of the accompanying financial statements;
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books and except for the matters stated in paragraph 13(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended);
 - c) The financial statements dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act;
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act;
 - f) The qualification relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in paragraph 13(b) above on reporting under section 143(3)(b) of the Act and paragraph 13(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended);
 - g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company as on 31 March 2024 and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in Annexure II wherein we have expressed an unmodified opinion; and
 - h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. the Company, as detailed in note 38 to the financial statements, has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position as at 31 March 2024;
 - ii. the Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses as at 31 March 2024;

- iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2024;
- iv. a. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note 40 to the financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or securities premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any person or entity, including foreign entities ('the intermediaries'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ('the Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - b. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note 40 to the financial statements, no funds have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entities ('the Funding Parties'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
 - c. Based on such audit procedures performed as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the management representations under sub-clauses (a) and (b) above contain any material misstatement.
- v. The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year ended 31 March 2024; and
- vi. As stated in note 41 to the financial statements and based on our examination which included test checks, except for instance mentioned below, the Company, in respect of financial year commencing on 1 April 2023, has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has been operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with, other than the consequential impact of the exception given below:

Nature of exception noted	Details of Exception
Instances of accounting software for maintaining books of account for which the feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility was not operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software.	The audit trail feature was not enabled at the database level for accounting software SAP to log any direct data changes, used for maintenance of all accounting records by the Company.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Sd/-

Nikhil Vaid

Partner

Membership No.: 213356 UDIN: 24213356BKEXZD7630

Hyderabad 29 May 2024

Annexure I referred to in Paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Bengal Shriram Hitech City Private Limited on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and given by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we report that:

- (i) (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment and relevant details of right-of-use assets.
 - (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
 - (b) The property, plant and equipment and relevant details of right-of-use assets have been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification. In our opinion, the frequency of physical verification programme adopted by the Company, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets.
 - (c) The Company does not own any immovable property (including investment properties) (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee). Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(i)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (d) The Company has adopted cost model for its Property, Plant and Equipment (including right-of-use assets) and intangible assets. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(i)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (e) No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended) and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) (a) The inventories held by the Company comprise work-in-progress of projects under development. Having regard to the nature of inventory, the management has conducted physical verification of inventory by way of verification of title deeds, site visits conducted and continuous project progress monitoring by competent persons, at reasonable intervals during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on aforesaid physical verification.
 - (b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits by banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets at any point of time during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iii) (a) The Company has provided loans or advances in the nature of loans, or guarantee, or security to Subsidiaries/Joint Ventures/Associates/Others during the year as per details given below:

(in ₹ lakhs) **Particulars** Guarantees Security Loans Advances in the nature of loans Aggregate amount provided/ granted during the year: Subsidiaries 113.33 847.62 Others (*) 4,916.70 Balance outstanding as at balance sheet date in respect of above cases: Subsidiaries 7.500.00 2.905.37 2.063.05 6,500.00 13,501.42 Others (*)

(*) includes Holding company, Fellow subsidiaries and Joint ventures of Holding company

(b) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the investments made, guarantees provided, security given and terms and conditions of the grant of all loans and guarantees provided are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the interest of the Company.

- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, loans granted by the Company amounting to ₹ 2,063.05 lakhs are repayable on demand and terms and conditions for payment of interest thereon have not been stipulated. Further, such loans and interest thereon have not been demanded for repayment as on date.
- (d) There is no amount which is overdue for more than 90 days in respect of loans amounting to ₹ 2,063.05 lakhs granted to such companies, firms, LLPs or other parties.
- (e) The Company has not granted any loan which has fallen due during the year. Further, no fresh loans were granted to any party to settle the overdue loans that existed as at the beginning of the year.
- (f) The Company has granted loans which are repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment, as per details below:

(in ₹ lakhs)

Particulars	All Parties	Promoters	Related Parties
Aggregate amount of loans/advances in nature of			
loans			
- Repayable on demand (A)	847.62	-	847.62
- Agreement does not specify any terms or	-	-	-
period of repayment (B)			
Total (A+B)	847.62	-	847.62
Percentage of loans to the total loans	100%	-	100%

- (iv) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of sections 185 of the Act in respect of loans given, guarantees and security provided by it, as applicable. As the Company is engaged in providing infrastructural facilities as specified in Schedule VI of the Act, provisions of section 186 except sub-section (1) of the Act are not applicable to the Company. In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 186 of the Act in respect of investments, as applicable.
- (v) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits or there are no amounts which have been deemed to be deposits within the meaning of sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 (as amended). Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) The Central Government has specified maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Act in respect of the products of the Company. We have broadly reviewed the books of account maintained by the Company pursuant to the rules made by the Central Government for the maintenance of cost records and are of the opinion that, prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained. However, we have not made a detailed examination of the cost records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.
- (vii)(a) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, cess and other material statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities. Further, no undisputed amounts payable in respect thereof were outstanding at the year-end for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no statutory dues referred in sub-clause (a) which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute except for the following:

(₹ in lakhs)

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Amount	Amount paid under Protest	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending	Remark s, if any
Income	Tax/	420.36	Nil	2011-12	Commissioner	
Tax Act, 1961	Interest demanded	547.89	Nil	2012-13	of Income Tax (Appeals)	
1001	demanded	449.31	Nil	2013-14	(Appeals)	

- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us, no transactions were surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) which have not been previously recorded in the books of accounts.
- (ix) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of its loans or borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender. Further, according to the information and explanations given to us, loans amounting to ₹ 635.53 lakhs are repayable on demand and terms and conditions for payment of interest thereon have not been stipulated. Further, such loans and interest thereon have not been demanded for repayment as on date.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us including representation received from the management of the Company, we report that the Company has not been declared a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
 - (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised any money by way of term loans during the year and there has been no utilisation during the current year of the term loans obtained by the Company during any previous years. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (d) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, funds raised by the Company on short term basis have, prima facie, not been utilised for long term purposes.
 - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries or joint ventures.
 - (f) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised any loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries or joint ventures.
- (x) (a) The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments), during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) During the year, the Company has made private placement of optionally convertible debentures. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the requirements of section 42 and section 62 of the Act and the rules framed thereunder with respect to the same. Further, the amounts so raised have been utilised by the Company for the purposes for which these funds were raised.
- (xi) (a) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or no fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the period covered by our audit.

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us including the representation made to us by the management of the Company, no report under sub-section 12 of section 143 of the Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, with the Central Government for the period covered by our audit.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us including the representation made to us by the management of the Company, there are no whistle-blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions entered into by the Company with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable. Further, the details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements, as required under Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 24, Related Party Disclosures specified in Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 as prescribed under section 133 of the Act.
- (xiv) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to and consequently, does not have an internal audit system as per the provisions of section 138 of the Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xiv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xv) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors and accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xv) of the Order with respect to compliance with the provisions of section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, reporting under clauses 3(xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
 - (d) Based on the information and explanations given to us and as represented by the management of the Company, the Group (as defined in Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) does not have any CIC.
- (xvii) The Company has not incurred cash losses in the financial year but had incurred cash losses amounting to ₹ 362.71 lakhs in the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information in the financial statements, our knowledge of the plans of the Board of Directors and management and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due.
- (xx) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has met the criteria as specified under sub-section (1) of section 135 of the Act read with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, however, in the absence of average net profits in the immediately three preceding years, there is no requirement for the Company to spend any amount under sub-section (5) of section 135 of the Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(xxi) The reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of standalone financial statements of the Company. Accordingly, no comment has been included in respect of said clause under this report.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Sd/-

Nikhil Vaid

Partner

Membership No.: 213356 UDIN: 24213356BKEXZD7630

Hyderabad 29 May 2024

Annexure II to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Bengal Shriram Hitech City Private Limited on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

Independent Auditor's Report on the internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act')

1. In conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of Bengal Shriram Hitech City Private Limited ('the Company') as at and for the year ended 31 March 2024, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company as at that date.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for Internal Financial Controls

2. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of the Company's business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

- 3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, and the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting ('the Guidance Note') issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
- 4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements includes obtaining an understanding of such internal financial controls, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.
- 5. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

6. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

7. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

8. In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such controls were operating effectively as at 31 March 2024, based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Sd/-

Nikhil Vaid

Partner

Membership No.: 213356 UDIN: 24213356BKEXZD7630

Hyderabad 29 May 2024

Bengal Shriram Hitech City Private Limited Regd office: No 31, 2nd Main Road, T. Chowdaiah Road, Sadashivnagar, Bengaluru-560080 CIN: U45203KA2006PTC040975

Email ID: companysecretary@shriramproperties.com

Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024 (All amounts in ₹ lakhs unless otherwise stated)

		As at	As at
	Note	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
I ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
(a) Property, plant and equipment	2	288.91	479.82
(b) Other intangible assets	3	-	-
(c) Financial assets			
(i) Investments	4	205.27	205.27
(ii) Other financial assets	5A	31.18	28.05
(d) Non-current tax assets	6	62.17	59.07
(e) Other non-current assets	7A	-	780.82
Total non-current assets		587.53	1,553.03
Current assets			
(a) Inventories	8	91,740.68	95,646.27
(b) Financial assets			
(i) Trade receivables	9	576.22	701.00
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	10	362.91	618.45
(iii) Other financial assets	5B	2,344.46	1,693.32
(iv) Loans	11	2,063.05	1,434.46
(c) Other current assets	7B	3,887.34	4,448.08
Total current assets		100,974.66	104,541.58
TOTAL ASSETS		101,562.19	106,094.61
II EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
(a) Equity share capital	12A	4,936.54	4,936.54
(b) Instruments entirely equity in nature	12B	20,000.00	-
(c) Other equity	13	12,540.58	11,665.43
Total equity		37,477.12	16,601.97
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Lease liabilities	15A	18.40	58.72
(b) Provisions	16A	65.21	50.11
Total non-current liabilities		83.61	108.83
Current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	14	635.53	21,280.14
(ii) Lease liabilities	15B	40.32	33.47
(iii) Trade payables	17		
a. Total outstanding due of micro and small enterprises		717.69	486.54
b. Total outstanding dues other than (iii) (a) above		2,314.34	2,234.08
(iv) Other financial liabilities	18	32,000.58	31,427.88
(b) Other current liabilities	19	28,248.57	33,897.37
(c) Provisions	16B	44.43	24.33
Total current liabilities		64,001.46	89,383.81
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		101,562.19	106,094.61
Matarial accounting policies	1.2		
Material accounting policies The accompanying notes are an integral part of separate financial statements	1.2		

As per report of even date attached

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLPF

For and behalf of the board of directors of Bengal Shriram Hitech City Private Limited

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Sd/-	Sd/- Murali	Sd/- Krishna	Sd/- Suresh KumarF	Sd/- Madhu B.
Nikhil Vaid	Malayappan Director	Veeraraghavan Director	Sarawagi Chief Financial Officer	Company Secretary
Partner	DIN: 00030096	DIN: 06620405		ACS No. :72754
Membership No.: 213356	Bengaluru	Bengaluru	Kolkata	Bengaluru
Hyderabad	29 May 2024	29 May 2024	29 May 2024	29 May 2024
29 May 2024				

Bengal Shriram Hitech City Private Limited Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2024 (All amounts in ₹ lakhs unless otherwise stated)

	Note	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
Revenue	11010		
Revenue from operations	20	13,857.15	11,954.69
Other income	21	1,993.24	554.88
Total income		15,850.39	12,509.57
Expenses			
Material and construction costs		6,233.50	5,557.93
Changes in inventories	22	3,905.59	3,931.43
Employee benefits expense	23	1,057.17	935.09
Finance costs	24	2,501.58	4,789.14
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	2&3	201.99	198.76
Other expenses	25	1,070.57	896.64
Total expenses		14,970.40	16,308.99
Profit / (Loss) before tax		879.99	(3,799.42)
Tax expense	26	-	-
Profit / (Loss) after tax		879.99	(3,799.42)
Other comprehensive income			
A. Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
(i) Remeasurement of gain on defined benefit plans		(4.84)	(4.62)
Total other comprehensive loss for the year		(4.84)	(4.62)
Total comprehensive income / (loss) for the year		875.15	(3,804.04)
Earnings / (Loss) per equity share	27		
Basic (₹)		2.45	(10.59)
Diluted (₹)		2.45	(10.59)
Material accounting policies	1.2		
The accompanying notes are an integral part of separate financial statements			

As per report of even date attached

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

For and behalf of the board of directors of Bengal Shriram Hitech City Private Limited

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Sd/-	Sd/- Murali	Sd/- Krishna	Sd <i>l-</i> Suresh KumarF Sarawagi	Sd/- Madhu B.
Nikhil Vaid	Malayappan Director	Veeraraghavan Director	Chief Financial Officer	Company Secretary
Partner	DIN: 00030096	DIN: 06620405		ACS No. :72754
Membership No.: 213356	Bengaluru	Bengaluru	Kolkata	Bengaluru
Hyderabad	29 May 2024	29 May 2024	29 May 2024	29 May 2024
29 May 2024				

Bengal Shriram Hitech City Private Limited Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 March 2024 (All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
A. Cash flows from operating activities:		
Profit / (Loss) before tax	879.99	(3,799.42)
Adjustments to reconcile profit / (loss) before tax to net cash flows		
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	201.99	198.76
Income from guarantee commission	(26.47)	(26.40)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	7.45	0.11
Gain on modification of financial instruments	(1,315.14)	-
Liabilities no longer required written back	(19.89)	-
Interest income	(232.33)	(260.18)
Finance expense	2,501.58	4,789.14
Operating cash flow before working capital changes	1,997.18	902.01
Working capital changes :		
Decrease in inventories	3,905.59	3,931.50
Decrease in trade receivables	124.78	845.38
Decrease / (Increase) in loans and other assets	687.28	(1,418.70)
Increase in trade payables	331.30	215.45
(Decrease) in other current liabilities and provisions	(6,106.10)	(4,480.73)
Cash flows generated from / (used in) operating activities	940.03	(5.09)
Income tax paid (net)	(3.09)	(1.47)
Net cash flows generated from / (used in) operating activities	936.94	(6.56)
B. Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(18.52)	(24.84)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	· -	0.52
Loans given to / (received from) related parties (net)	(397.27)	883.05
Interest received on bank deposits	1.01	0.67
Net cash flows generated from/(used in) investing activities	(414.78)	859.40
C. Cash flows from financing activities:		
Repayments of long-term loans taken from banks	-	(1.06)
Outflow towards principal component of lease liability	(33.47)	(25.80)
Outflow towards interest component of lease liability	(10.15)	(13.80)
Loans (repaid to) related parties (net)	(734.08)	(1,659.40)
Net cash flows used in financing activities	(777.70)	(1,700.06)
Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)	(255.54)	(847.22)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	618.45	1,465.67
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year (refer note 10)	362.91	618.45

Note:

Changes in financial liabilities arising from cash and non-cash changes:

			Non cash		
Liabilities	01 April 2022	Cash flow	Conversion of loan to optionally convertible debentures (*)	Movement in Accrued interest	31 March 2023
Term loans from banks	1.06	(1.06)	-	-	-
Loan from related party	20,693.45	(1,659.40)	-	2,246.09	21,280.14
Lease liability	117.99	(39.60)	-	13.80	92.19

			Non cash		
Liabilities	01 April 2023	Cash flow	Conversion of loan to optionally convertible debentures (*)	Movement in Accrued interest	31 March 2024
Loan from related party	21,280.14	(734.08)	(20,000.00)	89.47	635.53
Lease liability	92.19	(43.62)	-	10.15	58.72

^(*) Refer note 12

As per report of even date attached

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLPF

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013 For and behalf of the board of directors of Bengal Shriram Hitech City Private Limited

Sd/-	Sd/- Murali	Sd- Krishna	Sd/-	Sd/- Madhu B.
Nikhil Vaid	Malayappan Director DIN: 00030096	Veeraraghavan Director DIN: 06620405	Suresh KumarF Sarawagi Chief Financial Officer	Company Secretary ACS No. :72754
Partner Membership No.: 213356	Bengaluru	Bengaluru	Kolkata	Bengaluru
·	29 May 2024	29 May 2024	29 May 2024	29 May 2024
Hyderabad 29 May 2024				

Bengal Shriram Hitech City Private Limited Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2024 (All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

A. Equity share capital

Particulars	Amount
Balance as at 1 April 2022	4,936.54
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-
Balance as at 31 March 2023	4,936.54
Changes in equity share capital during the year	• ·
Balance as at 31 March 2024	4,936.54

B. Instruments entirely equity in nature

0% Optionally convertible debentures

Particulars	Amount
Balance as at 1 April 2022	-
Changes in optionally convertible debentures during the year	
Balance as at 31 March 2023	<u> </u>
Changes in optionally convertible debentures during the year (refer note 12B)	20,000.00
Balance as at 31 March 2024	20,000.00

C. Other equity

	Reserves and surplus			
Particulars	Securities premium		Total	
Balance as at 1 April 2022	27,801.07	(12,331.60)	15,469.47	
Loss for the year	-	(3,799.42)	(3,799.42)	
Other comprehensive income	-	(4.62)	(4.62)	
Balance as at 31 March 2023	27,801.07	(16,135.64)	11,665.43	
Profit for the year	-	879.99	879.99	
Other comprehensive income	-	(4.84)	(4.84)	
Balance as at 31 March 2024	27,801.07	(15,260.49)	12,540.58	

As per report of even date attached

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLPF

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

For and behalf of the board of directors of Bengal Shriram Hitech City Private Limited

sd/-

	sd/-	sd/-	sd/-	Sd/-
sd/-	Murali Malayappan	Krishna Veeraraghavan	Suresh Kumar Sarawagi	Madhu B.
	Director DIN: 00030096	Director DIN: 06620405	Chief Financial Officer	Company Secretary ACS No. :72754
Nikhil Vaid	Bengaluru 29 May 2024	Bengaluru 29 May 2024	Kolkata 29 May 2024	Bengaluru 29 May 2024

Partner

Membership No.: 213356

Hyderabad 29 May 2024

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information

1 Company overview and significant accounting policies

1.1 Company overview

Bengal Shriram Hitech City Private Limited ('the Company'), was incorporated on 17 November 2006. The Company is engaged in the business of real estate construction, development and other related activities. The registered office of the Company is located at Bengaluru, Karnataka, India. The company is a subsidiary of Shriram Properties Limited

1.2 Material accounting policies

a. Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind-AS) as notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013 read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 by Ministry of Corporate Affairs ('MCA'). The Company has uniformly applied the accounting policies during the periods presented.

The Company as at the year end is a subsidiary of Shriram Properties Limited, a company incorporated in India, whose registered address is situated at Lakshmi Leela Rite Choice Chamber, New No. 9, Bazullah Road, T Nagar, Chennai - 600017. The consolidated financial statements of Shriram Properties Limited have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as per the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, notified under Section 133 of Companies Act, 2013, (the 'Act') and other relevant provisions of the Act. Hence in accordance with the exemption given under sub-section 3 of Section 129 of The Companies Act 2013 and under Rule 6 of The Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014, the Company is not required to produce, and has not published, consolidated financial statements

The financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 were authorized and approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 29 May 2024.

b. Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared on going concern basis under the historical cost basis except for certain financial assets and liabilities which are measured at fair value.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes in to account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined on such a basis, leasing transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 116, 'Leases', and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realizable value in Ind AS 2 'Inventories', or value in use in Ind AS 36 'Impairment of assets'. etc

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorized into Level 1,2, or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurements in its entirety, which are described as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for financial instruments.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximize the use of observable market data rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates.

Level 3: Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on the observable marked data (unobservable inputs).

c. Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements is in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles which require the management of the Company to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the end of the reporting period. Although these estimates are based upon the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future year. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Application of accounting policies that require significant accounting estimates involving complex and subjective judgments and the use of assumptions in these financial statements have been disclosed in note 1.3.

d. Recent accounting pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards. There is no such notification which would have been applicable from 1 April 2024.

e. Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification.

- (i) An asset is classified as current when it is:
 - Expected to be realized or intended to sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
 - · Held primarily for the purpose of trading
 - Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period, or
 - · Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period
- (ii) All other assets are classified as non-current.
- (iii) A liability is classified as current when:
 - It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
 - It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
 - It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
 - There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period
- (iv) All other liabilities are classified as non-current.
- (v) Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

Based on the nature of service and the time between the acquisition of assets for development and their realization in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as four years for the purpose of current and non-current classification of assets and liabilities which pertain to the project and for all other assets and liabilities the Company has considered twelve months.

f. Foreign currency transactions

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupee (' ₹ ') which is also the functional currency of the Company. All amounts have been rounded-off to the nearest lakhs, unless otherwise indicated.

(a) Initial recognition

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the functional currency, by applying to the exchange rate between the functional currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

(b) Conversion

Foreign currency monetary items are converted to functional currency using the closing rate. Non-monetary items denominated in a foreign currency which are carried at historical cost are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction; and non-monetary items which are carried at fair value or any other similar valuation denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rates that existed when the values were determined.

Exchange differences arising on monetary items on settlement, or restatement as at reporting date, at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded, are recognized in the statement of profit and loss in the year in which they arise.

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information

1.2 Material accounting policies (continued)

g. Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes and duty. The Company assesses its revenue arrangements against specific criteria to determine if it is acting as principal or agent. The Company has concluded that it is acting as a principal in most of its revenue arrangements.

Revenue is recognised on satisfaction of performance obligation upon transfer of control of residential units to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration the Company expects to receive in exchange for those residential units, unless:

- 1. The customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Company's performance as the Company performs; or
- 2. The Company's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or
- 3. The Company's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Company and the entity has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

For performance obligations where one of the above conditions are not met, revenue is recognised at the point in time at which the performance obligation is satisfied.

1) Sale of constructed properties

In case, revenue is recognised over the time, it is being recognised from the financial year in which the registration of sale deed is executed. In respect of 'over the period of time', the revenue is recognised based on the percentage-of-completion method ('POC method') of accounting with cost of project incurred (input method) for the respective projects determining the degree of completion of the performance obligation.

The revenue recognition of real estate property under development requires forecasts to be made of total budgeted costs with the outcomes of underlying construction contracts, which further require assessments and judgments to be made on changes in work scopes and other payments to the extent they are probable and they are capable of being reliably measured. In case, where the total project cost is estimated to exceed total revenues from the project, the loss is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss

For contracts involving sale of real estate unit, the Company receives the consideration in accordance with the terms of the contract in proportion of the percentage of completion of such real estate project and represents payments made by customers to secure performance obligation of the Company under the contract enforceable by customers. Such consideration is received and utilised for specific real estate projects in accordance with the requirements of the Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Act, 2016. Consequently, the Company has concluded that such contracts with customers do not involve any financing element since the same arises for reasons explained above, which is other than for provision of finance to/from the customer.

2) Other operating income and others

Revenue in respect of administrative services is recognised on an accrual basis, in accordance with the terms of the respective contract as and when the Company satisfies performance obligations by delivering the services as per contractual agreed terms.

Interest on delayed receipts, cancellation/ forfeiture income and transfer fees etc from customers are recognised based upon underlying agreements with customers and when reasonable certainty of collection is established.

The Company recognises revenue from mortgage fees over the time as and when services are rendered and the collectability is reasonably assured.

Unbilled revenue disclosed under other financial assets represents revenue recognised over and above the amount due as per payment plans agreed with the customers. Progress billings which exceed the costs and recognised profits to date on projects under construction are disclosed under other current liabilities. Any billed amount that has not been collected is disclosed under trade receivables and is net of any provisions for amounts doubtful of recovery.

Contract balances

Contract asset is the right to consideration in exchange for goods or services transferred to the customer. If the Company performs by transferring goods or services to a customer before the customer pays consideration or before payment is due, a contract asset is recognised for the earned consideration that is conditional.

Trade receivable represents the Company's right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional (i.e., only the passage of time is required before payment of the consideration is due).

Contract liability is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Company has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Company transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognised when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Company performs under the contract.

3) Interest income

Interest income is accounted on an accrual basis at effective interest rate, except in cases where ultimate collection is considered doubtful.

h. Inventories

Properties under development

Properties under development represents construction work in progress which are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. This comprises of cost of land, construction related overhead expenditure, borrowing costs and other net costs incurred during the period of development.

Inventory is valued at cost and net realisable value (NRV), whichever is less. NRV is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs necessary to make the sale and estimated costs of completion (in case of properties under development).

i. Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)

Recognition and initial measurement

Properties plant and equipment are stated at their cost of acquisition. On transition to Ind AS i.e., on 01 April 2015, the Company had elected to measure all its property, plant and equipment at the previous GAAP carrying value (deemed cost) The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing cost if capitalization criteria are met, any expected costs of decommissioning and any directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discount and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

Subsequent measurement

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in statement of profit and loss as incurred.

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information

1.2 Material accounting policies (continued)

i. Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)

Depreciation and useful lives

Depreciation/amortization on fixed assets is provided on the straight-line method, based on the useful life of asset specified in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. The Management estimates the useful lives of the assets as per the indicative useful life prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 except shuttering materials whose life is estimated as 7 years. Residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Furniture and fixtures 10 years
Office equipment 5 years
Computer 3 years
Vehicles 8 years
Plant and machinery 10 years
Shuttering material 7 years

Cost of assets not ready for use at the balance sheet date are disclosed under capital work-in-progress.

The Company based on technical assessment made by technical expert and management estimated, depreciates shuttering material over estimated useful lives which are different from the useful life prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. The management believes that these estimated useful lives are realistic and reflect fair approximation of the period over which the assets are likely to be used.

De-recognition

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognized is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

j. Intangible assets

Recognition and initial measurement

Intangible assets (software) are stated at their cost of acquisition. The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing cost if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discount and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

Subsequent measurement (amortization)

The cost of capitalized software is amortized over a period of 3 years from the date of its acquisition on a straight line basis.

k. Borrowing cost

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use.

All other borrowing costs are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they are incurred.

The Company determines the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation as the actual borrowing costs incurred on that borrowing during the period less any interest income earned on temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets, to the extent that an entity borrows funds specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset. In case if the Company borrows generally and uses the funds for obtaining a qualifying asset, borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation are determined by applying a capitalization rate to the expenditures on that asset.

The Company suspends capitalization of borrowing costs during extended periods in which it suspends active development of a qualifying asset.

I. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the Balance Sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

m. Employee benefits

Defined contribution plan

The Company's contribution to provident fund is charged to the statement of profit and loss. The Company's contributions towards provident fund are deposited with the Regional Provident Fund Commissioner under a defined contribution plan, in accordance with Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952.

Defined benefit plan

The liability recognized in the balance sheet for defined benefit plans as the present value of the defined benefit obligation (DBO) at the reporting date. Management estimates the DBO annually with the assistance of independent actuaries who use the projected unit credit method to calculate the defined benefit obligation.

The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation. This cost is included in employee benefit expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation resulting from plan amendments or curtailments are recognized immediately in profit or loss as past service cost.

Actuarial gain or loss arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in other comprehensive income in the year in which such gain or loss arise.

Vacation pay

The Company also provides benefit of vacation pay to its employees. Liability in respect of vacation pay becoming due and expected to be availed more than one year after the balance sheet date is estimated on the basis of an actuarial valuation performed by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method as on the reporting date. Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recorded in the statement of profit and loss or inventorized as a part of project under development, as the case may be in the year in which such gains or losses arise.

The Company presents the leave as a current liability in the balance sheet, to the extent it does not have an unconditional right to defer its settlement for 12 months after the reporting date. Where company has the unconditional legal and contractual right to defer the settlement for a period beyond 12 months, the same is presented as non-current liability.

Other short-term benefits

Short-term employee benefits comprising employee costs including performance bonus is recognized in the statement of profit and loss on the basis of the amount paid or payable for the period during which services are rendered by the employee.

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information

1.2 Material accounting policies (continued)

n. Tax expense

Income taxes

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax

Current tax

Current tax is the amount of tax payable based on the taxable profit for the year as determined in accordance with the applicable tax rates and the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961 and other applicable tax laws in the countries where the Company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Current and deferred tax for the period

Current and deferred tax are recognized in profit or loss, except when they are relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

o. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events including a bonus issue.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

p. Provisions, contingent assets and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognized only when there is a present obligation (legal or constructive), as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and when a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation can be made at the reporting date. These estimates are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. Provisions are discounted to their present values, where the time value of money is material, using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

When the Company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement.

Contingent liability is disclosed for:

- (i) Possible obligations which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Group or
- (ii) Present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made.

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Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information

1.2 Material accounting policies (continued)

a. Financial instruments

Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognized initially at fair value and transaction cost that is attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset is also adjusted. However, trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are measured at transaction value and investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost in accordance with Ind AS 27 - Separate financial statements.

Subsequent measurement

Debt Instruments

Debt instruments at amortized cost

A 'Debt instruments' is subsequently measured at amortized cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included in finance income in the profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

Debt Instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

A debt instrument is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Fair value movements are recognized in other comprehensive income (OCI).

Debt instruments at Fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)

FVTPL is a residual category for debt instruments. Any debt instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVOCI, is classified as at FVTPL. Debt instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

Equity investments

All equity investments in the scope of Ind AS 109,' Financial Instruments', are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading and contingent consideration has been recognized by an acquirer in a business combination to which Ind AS 103,' Business Combinations' applies, are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company may make an irrevocable election to present in OCI with subsequent changes in the fair value. The Company makes such election The Company makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, impairment gains or losses and foreign exchange gains and losses, are recognized in the OCI.

There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to the statement of profit and loss, even on sale of investment.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

De-recognition of financial assets

A financial asset is primarily de-recognised when the rights to receive cash flow from the asset have expired or the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset.

r. Financial liabilities

Initial recognition

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and transaction cost that is attributable to the acquisition of the financial liabilities is also adjusted. These liabilities are classified as amortized cost.

Subsequent measurement

These liabilities include are borrowings and deposits. Subsequent to initial recognition, these liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

De-recognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is de-recognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

s. Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Company are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequently, the liability is measured at the higher of the amount of loss allowance determined as per impairment requirements of Ind AS 109 and the amount recognised less cumulative amortization.

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Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information

1.2 Material accounting policies (continued)

t. Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognizes loss allowances using the expected credit loss (ECL) model for the financial assets which are not fair valued through profit or loss. Loss allowance for trade receivables with no significant financing component is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL. For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the twelve month ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk from initial recognition in which case those are measured at lifetime ECL. The amount of expected credit losses (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date to the amount that is required to be recognized is recognized as an impairment gain or loss in the statement of profit and loss.

u. Impairment of non-financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Where a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in the statement of profit and loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in the statement of profit and loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

v Investment in subsidiaries

The Company's investment in equity instruments of subsidiaries are accounted for at cost.

w. Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The Company is engaged in the business of construction, development and sale of all or any part of housing project which is the only reportable segment. The Company operates primarily in India and there is no other significant geographical segment.

x. Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit for the period is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

The loans from related parties are in nature of current accounts. The loans from/to related parties are in nature of current accounts. Accordingly, receipts and payments from/to related parties have been shown on a net basis in the cash flow statement.

y. Leases

The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Company as a lessee

The Company applies a single recognition andmeasurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Company recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

Right-of-use assets

The Company recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs

incurred and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Company at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g. changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases (i.e. those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of assets that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low value assets are recognised as expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Bengal Shriram Hitech City Private Limited Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information

1.3 Significant estimates in applying accounting policies

- a. Revenue from contracts with customers The Company has applied judgements that significantly affect the determination of the amount and timing of revenue from contracts with customers.
- b. Net realizable value of inventory The determination of net realisable value of inventory involves estimates based on prevailing market conditions, current prices and expected date of commencement and completion of the project, the estimated future selling price, cost to complete projects and selling cost.
- c. Impairment of financial assets At each balance sheet date, based on historical default rates observed over expected life, the management assesses the expected credit loss on outstanding financial assets.
- d. Impairment of Investments At each balance sheet date, the management assesses the indicators of impairment of such investments. This requires assessment of several external and internal factor including capitalisation rate, key assumption used in discounted cash flow models (such as revenue growth, unit price and discount rates) or sales comparison method which may affect the carrying value of investments in subsidiaries.
- d. Contingent liabilities At each balance sheet date basis the management estimate, changes in facts and legal aspects, the Company assesses the requirement of provisions against the outstanding guarantees and litigations. However, the actual future outcome may be different from this estimate.
- e. Recognition of deferred tax assets The extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognized is based on an assessment of the probability of the future taxable income against which the deferred tax assets can be utilized.

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Bengal Shriram Hitech City Private Limited Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information (All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

2 Property, plant and equipment

Details of the Company's property, plant and equipment and reconciliation of their carrying amounts from beginning to end of reporting year is as follows:

Particulars	Shuttering material	Furniture and fixtures	Vehicles	Office equipment	Computers	Plant and machinery	Right of use - Building	Total
Gross carrying amount								
At 01 April 2022	1,209.26	8.38	17.90	26.48	36.42	7.60	171.80	1,477.84
Additions	-	3.63	-	13.30	7.13	0.78	-	24.84
Disposals	-	-	-	(1.94)	-	-	-	(1.94)
At 31 March 2023	1,209.26	12.01	17.90	37.84	43.55	8.38	171.80	1,500.74
Additions	-	0.51	_	2.46	11.48	4.07	-	18.52
Disposals	(45.69)	-	-	(1.71)	(6.56)	-	-	(53.96)
At 31 March 2024	1,163.57	12.52	17.90	38.59	48.47	12.45	171.80	1,465.30
Accumulated depreciation								
Upto 01 April 2022	680.24	2.50	8.61	16.61	32.63	3.50	80.24	824.33
Charge for the year (*)	160.49	0.84	2.11	3.99	3.07	0.71	26.69	197.90
Adjustments for disposals	-	-	-	(1.31)	-	_	-	(1.31)
Upto 31 March 2023	840.73	3.34	10.72	19.29	35.70	4.21	106.93	1,020.92
Charge for the year (*)	160.86	1.11	2.06	4.94	5.17	1.04	26.81	201.99
Adjustments for disposals	(38.46)	-	-	(1.71)	(6.34)	-	_	(46.51)
Upto 31 March 2024	963.13	4.45	12.78	22.52	34.53	5.25	133.74	1,176.40
Net block								
Upto 31 March 2023	368.53	8.67	7.18	18.55	7.85	4.17	64.87	479.82
At 31 March 2024	200.44	8.07	5.12	16.07	13.94	7.20	38.06	288.91

(*) includes depreciation inventorized amounting to ₹ 160.86 lakh (31 March 2023: ₹ 160.49 lakh)

a. Contractual obligations

There are no contractual commitments pending for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

b. Capitalized borrowing cost

There are no borrowing costs capitalized during the year ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

c. Property, plant and equipment pledged as security

Details of properties pledged are as per note 28

d. The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including right of use assets) as at the balance sheet date.

3 Other intangible assets

Details of the Company's other intangible assets and reconciliation of their carrying amounts from beginning to end of reporting year is as follows:

Particulars	Computer software	Total
Gross carrying amount		
At 01 April 2022	8.40	8.40
Additions	-	-
Disposals	-	-
At 31 March 2023	8.40	8.40
Additions	-	-
Disposals	-	-
At 31 March 2024	8.40	8.40
Accumulated amortization		
Upto 01 April 2022	7.54	7.54
Charge for the year	0.86	0.86
Adjustments for disposals	-	-
Upto 31 March 2023	8.40	8.40
Charge for the year	-	-
Adjustments for disposals	-	-
Upto 31 March 2024	8.40	8.40
Net block		
At 31 March 2023	-	-
At 31 March 2024		-

a. The Company has not revalued its intangible assets as at the balance sheet date.

Bengal Sh	rir	am	Hit	tec	h City Priva	ite Lii	mite	ed			
Summary	of	ma	iter	ial	accounting	polic	ies	and	other	explanatory	information
		-					_				

summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
4 Investments		
Non Current		
Investment in equity instruments		
Unquoted In Sudsidiary		
•		
SPL Estates Private Limited 0.000 (31 March 2003) 0.000\ fully paid equity pharce of ₹ 10 coch	205.27	205.27
9,999 (31 March 2023: 9,999) fully paid equity shares of ₹ 10 each		
	205.27	205.27
Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof	-	=
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	205.27	205.27
Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments		-
	205.27	205.27
5 Other financial assets		
A Non-current		
Unsecured, considered good		
Security deposits	31.18	28.05
	31.18	28.05
B Current		
Unsecured, considered good		
Revenue share receivable from related party (refer note 32)	2,344.46	1,693.32
	2,344.46	1,693.32
6 Non-current tax assets		
Advance income tax, including tax deducted at source	62.17	59.07
Advance income tax, including tax deducted at source	62.17	59.07
·	<u> </u>	00.01
7 Other assets		
A Non-current		
Unsecured, considered good		700.00
Advance for purchase of land	<u> </u>	780.82 780.82
		700.02
B Current		
Unsecured, considered good	2 022 44	2 272 65
Advance for project Advance to staff	2,833.41 12.17	3,272.65 10.89
Prepaid expenses	734.97	888.02
Unbilled revenue (refer note 32)	264.56	160.97
Balances with statutory authorities	42.24	115.54
balances with statutory authorities	3,887.34	4,448.08
	5,007.34	+,++0.00
8 Inventories		
Properties under development	E4 0=0 =0	40 500 00
Land cost	51,659.78	49,522.33
Material and construction cost	40,080.90 91,740.68	46,123.94 95,646.27
Note	91,740.68	30,040.27

- a. Details of assets pledged are as per note 28
- b. Properties under development Includes company's entitlement on proportionate share of constructed properties receivable amounting to ₹ 8,879.59 lakh (31 March 2023 :₹ 8,547.10 lakh) pursuant to Joint Development Agreement entered with related parties. Refer note 32.
- c. For the year ended 31 March 2023, write down of inventories to net realisable value amounted to ₹ 1,300.65 lakh. This was recorded as a expense during the year and included in 'Changes in inventories' in the statement of profit and loss.
- For the year ended 31 March 2024, reversal of write down of inventories to net realisable value amounted to ₹816.08 lakh. This was recorded as a reduction in expense during the year and reduced from 'Changes in inventories' in the statement of profit and loss.

9 Trade receivables (*)

Trade receivables	576.22	701.00
Less : Allowance for doubtful debts	-	-
	576.22	701.00
Break up of security details		
Trade receivables considered - secured	535.66	677.86
Trade receivables considered - unsecured	40.56	23.14
	576.22	701.00

(*) Details of assets pledged are as per note 28

For the year ended 31 March 2024

			Outstand	ing for followin	g periods from	due date of payment	
Particulars		Less than 6 months	6 months-1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade considered good	receivables-	303.50	98.53	72.95	17.48	83.76	576.22
For the year ended 31 N	larch 2023						
			Outstand	ing for followin	g periods from	due date of payment	
Particulars	5	Less than 6 months	6months-1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade considered good	receivables-	348.11	117.73	76.05	41.02	118.09	701.00

Bengal Shriram Hitech City Private Limited Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information (All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

			_	As at 31 March 2024	AS at 31 March 2023
10	Cash and cash equivalents		_		
	Cash in hand			11.21	12.20
	Cheques in Hand			158.26	149.33
	Balances with banks in current accounts		_	193.44	456.92
			=	362.91	618.45
11	Loans				
	Current				
	Unsecured, considered good				
	Loan to related parties (refer note 32)		-	2,063.05 2,063.05	1,434.46 1,434.46
			=	2,003.03	1,434.40
	Details of loans - unsecured				
	Loans receivable considered good			2,063.05	1,434.46
			-	2,063.05	1,434.46
			=		
	Loans and advances to Directors / KMP / Related parties repayable on demand				
	Type of borrower —	As at 31 Ma	arch 2024	As at 31 N	larch 2023
		Amount	Percentage of	Amount	Percentage of
	Promoter	-	-	-	-
	Director	-	-	-	-
	KMPs	-	-		-
	Related parties	2,063.05	100%	1,434.46	100%
	-	2,063.05	100%	1,434.46	100%
121	Equity share capital	31 Marc	h 2024	31 Mar	ch 2023
125	Authorised share capital	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
	Class A 'Equity share capital of face value of ₹10 each	21,500,000	2,150.00	21,500,000	2,150.00
	Class B 'Equity share capital of face value of ₹10 each	12,500,000	1,250.00	12,500,000	1,250.00
	Class C 'Equity share capital of face value of ₹10 each	1,500,000	150.00	1,500,000	150.00
	Class D 'Equity share capital of face value of ₹10 each	750,000	75.00	750,000	75.00
		40.500.000	4.050.00		4.050.00
	Class 'A' compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares of ₹ 10 each	13,500,000	1,350.00	13,500,000	1,350.00
	- To each	49,750,000	4,975.00	49,750,000	4,975.00
	=	49,750,000	4,975.00	49,750,000	4,975.00
	Issued, subscribed and fully paid up				
	Class A 'Equity share capital of face value of ₹10 each	21,500,000	2,150.00	21,500,000	2,150.00
	Class B 'Equity share capital of face value of ₹10 each	12,500,000	1,250.00	12,500,000	1,250.00
	Class C 'Equity share capital of face value of ₹10 each	1,135,398	113.54	1,135,398	113.54
	Class D 'Equity share capital of face value of ₹10 each	750,000	75.00	750,000	75.00
	Class 'A' compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares of	13,480,000	1,348.00	13,480,000	1,348.00
	₹ 10 each	49,365,398	4,936.54	49,365,398	4,936.54
	=		·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,
(i)	Reconciliation of number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at			04.84	- L 0000
		31 Warc	h 2024	31 IVIAN	ch 2023
	Fauity shares				ΔΜΛΙΙΝ
	Equity shares Class Δ	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
	Class A	Number	Amount	Number	
	Class A Balance at the beginning of the year				2,150.00
	Class A	Number	Amount	Number	
	Class A Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year Outstanding at the end of the year	Number 21,500,000 -	2,150.00	Number 21,500,000 -	2,150.00
	Class A Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year Outstanding at the end of the year Class B	Number 21,500,000 - 21,500,000	2,150.00 - 2,150.00	Number 21,500,000 - 21,500,000	2,150.00 - 2,150.00
	Class A Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year Outstanding at the end of the year Class B Balance at the beginning of the year	Number 21,500,000 -	2,150.00	Number 21,500,000 -	2,150.00
	Class A Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year Outstanding at the end of the year Class B	Number 21,500,000 - 21,500,000	2,150.00 - 2,150.00	Number 21,500,000 - 21,500,000	2,150.00 - 2,150.00 1,250.00
	Class A Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year Outstanding at the end of the year Class B Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year Outstanding at the end of the year	Number 21,500,000 - 21,500,000 12,500,000 -	2,150.00 2,150.00 1,250.00	Number 21,500,000 - 21,500,000 12,500,000 -	2,150.00 - 2,150.00 1,250.00
	Class A Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year Outstanding at the end of the year Class B Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year Outstanding at the end of the year Class C	Number 21,500,000 - 21,500,000 12,500,000 - 12,500,000	Amount 2,150.00 - 2,150.00 1,250.00 1,250.00	Number 21,500,000 - 21,500,000 12,500,000 - 12,500,000	2,150.00 - 2,150.00 1,250.00 - 1,250.00
	Class A Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year Outstanding at the end of the year Class B Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year Outstanding at the end of the year Class C Balance at the beginning of the year	Number 21,500,000 - 21,500,000 12,500,000 -	2,150.00 2,150.00 1,250.00	Number 21,500,000 - 21,500,000 12,500,000 -	2,150.00 - 2,150.00 1,250.00
	Class A Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year Outstanding at the end of the year Class B Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year Outstanding at the end of the year Class C Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year	Number 21,500,000 - 21,500,000 12,500,000 - 12,500,000	Amount 2,150.00 - 2,150.00 1,250.00 1,250.00	Number 21,500,000 - 21,500,000 12,500,000 - 12,500,000 1,135,398 -	2,150.00 2,150.00 1,250.00 1,250.00 113.54
	Class A Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year Outstanding at the end of the year Class B Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year Outstanding at the end of the year Class C Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year Outstanding at the end of the year	Number 21,500,000 21,500,000 12,500,000 12,500,000 1,135,398	2,150.00 2,150.00 1,250.00 1,250.00	Number 21,500,000 - 21,500,000 12,500,000 - 12,500,000	2,150.00 2,150.00 1,250.00 1,250.00 113.54
	Class A Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year Outstanding at the end of the year Class B Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year Outstanding at the end of the year Class C Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year Outstanding at the end of the year Class C Balance at the beginning of the year Class C Class D	Number 21,500,000 - 21,500,000 12,500,000 - 12,500,000 1,135,398 - 1,135,398	Amount 2,150.00 2,150.00 1,250.00 1,250.00 113.54 113.54	Number 21,500,000 - 21,500,000 12,500,000 - 12,500,000 1,135,398 - 1,135,398	2,150.00 2,150.00 1,250.00 1,250.00 113.54 113.54
	Class A Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year Outstanding at the end of the year Class B Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year Outstanding at the end of the year Class C Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year Outstanding at the end of the year Class C Balance at the beginning of the year Custanding at the end of the year Class D Balance at the beginning of the year	Number 21,500,000 21,500,000 12,500,000 12,500,000 1,135,398	2,150.00 2,150.00 1,250.00 1,250.00	Number 21,500,000 - 21,500,000 12,500,000 - 12,500,000 1,135,398 -	2,150.00 2,150.00 1,250.00 1,250.00 113.54
	Class A Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year Outstanding at the end of the year Class B Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year Outstanding at the end of the year Class C Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year Outstanding at the end of the year Class C Balance at the beginning of the year Outstanding at the end of the year Outstanding at the end of the year Class D Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year	Number 21,500,000 21,500,000 12,500,000 1,135,398 750,000 -	Amount 2,150.00 2,150.00 1,250.00 1,250.00 113.54 75.00	Number 21,500,000 21,500,000 12,500,000 12,500,000 1,135,398 - 1,135,398 750,000	2,150.00 2,150.00 1,250.00 1,250.00 113.54 75.00
	Class A Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year Outstanding at the end of the year Class B Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year Outstanding at the end of the year Class C Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year Outstanding at the end of the year Class C Balance at the beginning of the year Custanding at the end of the year Class D Balance at the beginning of the year	Number 21,500,000 - 21,500,000 12,500,000 - 12,500,000 1,135,398 - 1,135,398	Amount 2,150.00 2,150.00 1,250.00 1,250.00 113.54 113.54	Number 21,500,000 - 21,500,000 12,500,000 - 12,500,000 1,135,398 - 1,135,398	2,150.00 - 2,150.00 1,250.00 - 1,250.00 - 1,3.54 - 113.54

As at

As at

(ii) Reconciliation of number of compulsory convertible cumulative preference shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

31 March 2024		31 March 2023	
Number	Amount	Number	Amount
13,480,000	1,348.00	13,480,000	1,348.00
	-	=	
13,480,000	1,348.00	13,480,000	1,348.00
	Number 13,480,000	Number Amount 13,480,000 1,348.00 - -	Number Amount Number 13,480,000 1,348.00 13,480,000 - - -

(iii) Details of shareholder holding more than 5% share capital and shares held by the Holding company

•	31 March 2024		31 March 2023	
	Number of	% holding in	Number of	% holding in the
Name of the equity shareholder	shares	the class	shares	class
Class A Shriram Properties Limited (Holding Company)	21,498,000	99.99%	21,498,000	99.99%
Class B Shriram Properties Limited (Holding Company)	12,500,000	100.00%	12,500,000	100.00%
Class C Shriram Properties Limited (Holding Company)	1,135,398	100.00%	1,135,398	100.00%
Class D Shriram Properties Limited (Holding Company)	750,000	100.00%	750,000	100.00%
	31 Marc	h 2024	31 Mai	ch 2023
	Number of	% holding in	Number of	% holding in the
Name of the preference shareholder	shares	the class	shares	class
Shriram Properties Limited (Holding Company)	13,480,000	100.00%	13,480,000	100.00%

(iv) Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to each class of equity shares:

a) Class A equity shares

Class A equity shares shall be entitled to one vote per equity share outstanding. Each Class A equity share shall be entitled to receive equal dividends. These shares are subject to the limitations on transfer specified in the Articles of Association. No dividends may be paid in respect of the Class A equity shares and no buy backs or redemptions of the Class A equity shares shall be allowed while any of the Class B equity shares, Class C equity shares and Class D equity shares remain outstanding.

b) Class B, Class C and Class D equity shares

Class B, Class C and Class D equity shares shall not be entitled to vote on matters brought for a vote of the shareholders of the Company, except that no modification to the rights and obligations of Class B, Class C or Class D equity shares shall be made by the Company without the approval of the holders of the respective class of equity shares. These shares are subject to the limitations on transfer specified in the Articles of Association. In the event of a merger or amalgamation of the Company with another company, the holders of the Class B, Class C and Class D equity shares shall be entitled to receive an instrument providing substantially similar economic rights as they currently enjoy.

Class B equity shares shall be subject to re-purchase by the Company at a per share price of not less than the par value thereof.

Class C and Class D equity shares shall be subject to re-purchase by the Company at a price equal to the par value thereof or such other price as may be determined by the Company.

In the event of a public offering or sale of all the shares of the Company to third party, the Class C shares will convert, prior to such event, into such number of Class A equity shares which shall equal the aggregate par value of the Class C shares. The holder of Class C equity shares [other than Shriram Properties Limited ("SPL")] shall not be entitled to sell/ transfer such shares without prior written consent of SPL. SPL or any person/(s) nominated by it shall at all times be entitled to purchase from the holders of Class C equity shares (other than SPL), such shares at a price mutually agreed but not exceeding the aggregate par value of such shares. The Company may at any time at its option, convert all or any of the Class C equity shares into Class A equity shares, the value of which shall be equal to par value of such shares so converted. In case of liquidation/ winding up of the Company, the Class C equity share holders shall be entitled to receive the par value of such shares held.

(v) Rights attached to the preference shares:

Class A preference shares

The Class A preference shares shall be convertible at the election of the Company into Class A equity shares at the conversion rate of 0.000178 per share at any time after the tenth anniversary of the date of issuance of the Class A preference shares. Prior to any liquidation or winding up of the Company, the Class A preference shares shall be automatically converted into Class A equity shares at the aforesaid conversion rate. On the twentieth anniversary of the date of issuance of the Class A preference shares, the Class A preference shares that remain outstanding on that date shall be automatically converted into Class A equity shares at the aforesaid conversion rate.

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

(vi) Aggregate number of bonus shares issued and shares issued for consideration other than cash during the year of five years immediately preceding the reporting date:

There have been no buy-back of shares, issue of bonus share and issue of shares pursuant to contrant without payment being received in cash for the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date.

(vii) Details of shares holding by promoters

Details of shares holding by promoters		31 March 202	24	31 March 2023			
Promoter's name	Number	% of total shares	% change during the year	Number	% of total shares	% change during the year	
Equity shares Class A							
Shriram Properties Limited (Holding Company)	21,498,000	99.99%	-	21,498,000	99.99%	-	
Class B							
Shriram Properties Limited (Holding Company)	12,500,000	100%	-	12,500,000	100%	-	
Class C Shriram Properties Limited (Holding Company)	1,135,398	100%	-	1,135,398	100%	-	
Class D Shriram Properties Limited (Holding Company)	750,000	100%	-	750,000	100%	-	
Preference shares Shriram Properties Limited (Holding Company)	13,480,000	100%	-	13,480,000	100%	-	
Instruments entirely equity in nature			31 March	2024	31 Mar	rch 2023	
Unsecured		•	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	
0% Optionally Convertible Debentures of face value	e of ₹10,00,000 e	ach .	2,000	20,000.00	-	-	

i) Reconciliation of number of optionally convertible debentures outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

		-		<u>-</u>
Optionally Convertible Debentures	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Balance at the beginning of the year	=	=	=	=
Movement during the year	2,000	20,000.00	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	2,000	20,000.00	-	-

2.000

20,000.00

(ii) Details of debentureholder holding more than 5% and optionally convertible debentures held by the Holding Company

	31 March	2024	31 Mar	ch 2023
Name of the debentureholder	Number of	% holding	Number of	% holding
	debentures		debentures	
Shriram Properties Limited (Holding Company)	2,000	100.00%	-	-

(iii) Rights attached to the optionally convertible debentures

The term of the 0% optionally convertible debentures shall be 10 years from the date of issue. The optionally convertible debentures can be converted at the election of the Company into Class C equity shares at the conversion rate of 9,282 Class C equity shares per debenture or redeemed by paying the redemption amount at any time prior to maturity of such optionally convertible debentures. The Company has to mandatorily redeem or convert the outstanding optionally convertible debentures as per the above terms on the maturity date of the debentures

(iv) Details of optionally convertible debentures held by promoters

		31 Warch 20	24		31 March 2023	
Promoter's name	Number	% of total debentures	% change during the year	Number	% of total debentures	% change during the year
Shriram Properties Limited (Holding Company)	2,000	100.00%	100.00%			-
13 Other equity Reserve and surplus					As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Securities premium					27,801.07	27,801.07
Retained earnings					(15,260.49)	(16,135.64)
					12,540.58	11,665.43
Nature of reserves						

(a) Securities premium

Securities premium is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

(b) Retained earnings

Retained earnings represents the accumulated undistributed earnings of the Company as at balance sheet date.

14 Borrowings

Current

Unsecured loans

Loans from related parties (refer note 32) (*)

635.53	21,280.14
635.53	21,280.14

^(*) Inter corporate loan obtained from Shriram Properties Limited (Holding Company) carrying an interest rate of 15% per annum which shall be repayable on demand

Bengal Shriram Hitech City Private Limited

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All a	amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)		
		As at	As at
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
15	Lease Liabilities		
Α	Non-current		
	Lease liability (refer note 34)	18.40	58.72
		18.40	58.72
В	Current		
	Lease liability (refer note 34)	40.32	33.47
		40.32	33.47
16	Provisions		
Α	Non-current		
	Provision for employee benefits:		
	Gratuity (refer note 33A)	65.21	50.11
		65.21	50.11
В	Current		
	Provision for employee benefits:		
	Gratuity (refer note 33A)	8.69	1.89
	Compensated absences	35.74	22.44
		44.43	24.33
17	Trade payables		
	Dues to micro enterprises and small enterprises (*)	717.69	486.54

(*) Disclosure of dues to micro enterprises and small enterprises

Total outstanding dues to creditors other than to micro enterprises and small enterprises

The Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises has issue an office memorandum dated 26 August 2008 which recommends that the Micro and Small Enterprises should mention in their correspondence with its customers the Entrepreneurs Memorandum Number as allocated after filing of the Memorandum in accordance with the 'Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006' ('the MSME Act'). Accordingly, the disclosure in respect of amounts payable to such enterprises as at 31 March 2023 has been made in the financial statements based on the information received and available with the Company. The Company has not received any claim for interest from any supplier as at the balance sheet date. The disclosures as required under Section 22 of MSMED Act, 2006 under the Chapter on Delayed Payments to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises is as follows:

2,314.34

3,032.03

2.234.08

S.No	Particulars	31 March 2024 (₹)	31 March 2023 (₹)
i)	the principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year;		•
	- Principal	717.69	486.54
	- Interest	Nil	Nil
ii)	the amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year;	Nil	Nil
iii)	the amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under this Act;	Nil	Nil
iv)	the amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year; and	Nil	Nil
v)	the amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23.	Nil	Nil

Trade Payables ageing schedule as at 31 March 2024

		Outstanding f	for following p	periods from o	due date of payment				
Particulars	Not due	Less than 1	1-2 vears	2-3 years	More than 3	Total			
	Not due	year	1-2 years	2-5 years	years	Total 717.69 2,314.34			
MSME	705.76	11.93	-	-	-	717.69			
Others	2,178.35	52.54	71.56	11.52	0.37	2,314.34			

Trade Payables ageing schedule as at 31 March 2023

		Outstanding f	or following p	eriods from	due date of payment	t
Particulars	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
MSME	398.47	88.07	-	-	-	486.54
Others	2,136.13	14.70	75.45	0.38	7.43	2,234.08

	As at	As at
18 Other Financial liabilities	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Current		
Non-compete fees payable (*)	23,365.90	21,228.45
Other payables	1,043.06	1,557.18
Advances towards joint development agreement (refer note 32)	1,591.62	2,642.25
Security deposit received (refer note 32)	6,000.00	6,000.00
	32,000.58	31,427.88

(*) The Company has agreed to undertake certain liability amounting to ₹ 19,447 lakh payabe to Government of West Bengal for acquisition of land. As per the arrangement, the payment is payable in the form of 4% of sales proceed from the project with a moratorium period of 3 years starting from 01 November 2014. The amount is payable along with interest of 6.25% p.a. on a reducing balance method.

19	Other current liabilities	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
	Revenue received in advance	26,586.32	32,254.41
	Advances towards joint development agreement	1,280.00	1,280.00
	Deferred guarantee commission income (refer note 32)	39.63	66.10
	Payable to statutory authorities	342.62	296.86
		28,248.57	33,897.37

(All c	amounts in Clakins, unless otherwise stateu)	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
20	Revenue from operations (*)		
	Sale of constructed properties	13,777.03	11,894.73
	Other operating income		50.04
	Income from cancellation	79.10	58.04
	Administrative income (refer note 32)	1.02	1.92
(4)		13,857.15	11,954.69
(*)	Disaggregated revenue information	70.40	50.04
	Revenue recognition at a point of time	79.10	58.04
	Revenue recognition over period of time	13,778.06	11,896.65
		13,857.15	11,954.69
21	Other income		
	Interest income		
	- Fixed deposit	1.01	0.67
	- on loan to related party (refer note 32)	231.33	259.50
	Guarantee commission income (refer note 32)	26.47	26.40
	Gain on modification of financial instruments	1,315.14	-
	Mortgage income (refer note 32)	263.53	146.87
	Interest collected from customers	97.10	89.58
	Transfer fees	28.83	23.92
	Liabilities no longer required, written back	19.89	-
	Miscellaneous income	9.94	7.94
		1,993.24	554.88
22	Changes in inventory		
	Inventory at the beginning of the year	95,646.27	99,577.70
	Inventory at the end of the year	91,740.68	95,646.27
	,	3,905.59	3,931.43
23	Employee benefits expense		
	Salaries and wages	969.62	862.66
	Contribution to provident fund and other funds (refer note 33B)	37.76	31.32
	Staff welfare expenses	32.73	33.82
	Gratuity (refer note 33A)	17.06	7.29
		1,057.17	935.09
24	Finance expenses (*)		
	Interest expenses on		
	- loan from related party (refer note 32)	89.47	2,246.09
	- on non-compete fee	2,137.45	2,214.92
	- on deposit discounting	264.51	314.28
	- on lease liability	10.15	13.85
	•	2,501.58	4,789.14
			.,. ••.11

^(*) Includes finance expense capitalized amounting to ₹ 2,137.45 lakh (31 March 2023; ₹ 4,461.01 lakh)

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(All a	amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)		
		Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
25	Other expenses		
	Bank charges	3.13	5.44
	Communication expenses	25.38	29.65
	Insurance expenses	1.77	1.94
	Legal and professional charges (*)	173.84	133.96
	Power and fuel expenses	66.42	53.14
	Printing and stationery	4.10	5.38
	Rates and taxes	85.85	89.08
	Rent expenses	11.23	9.52
	Repairs and maintenance	133.90	91.87
	Advertisement and sales promotion	137.31	86.92
	Brokerage expenses	282.48	230.49
	Security expenses	50.60	30.48
	Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	7.45	0.11
	Director sitting fees	1.65	1.18
	Traveling and conveyance expenses	78.93	78.36
	Miscellaneous expenses	1.58	48.71
	Site Expenses	4.95	0.41
	'	1,070.57	896.64
(*)	Payment to auditors (on accrual basis, excluding taxes) (included in legal and professional	ıl charges)	
	Audit fee	15.00	13.50
	Reimbursement of expenses	1.04	0.50
		16.04	14.00
26	Income tax		
A.	Income tax expense reported in the statement of profit and loss	-	-
В.	Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's tax rate The major components of income tax expense and the reconciliation of expected tax expense Company at 25.17% and the reported tax expense in profit or loss are as follows:	se based on the domestic effe	ective tax rate of the
	Accounting profit before tax from continuing operations	879.99	(3,799.47)
	At India's statutory income tax rate of 25.17% (31 March 2023 : 25.17%) Adjustments:	221.48	(956.25)
	Less: Unrecorded deferred tax asset on carry forward losses and other temporary differences Less: Utilization of unrecorded deferred tax on brought forward losses Income tax expense	(221.48)	956.25
	·		
C.	Deferred tax assets and liabilities Deferred tax assets is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will I differences and carried forward tax losses can be utilised. Due to lack of convincing evidence, the deductible temporary differences which primarily includes the carry forward business losses and lakh (31 March 2023 - ₹ 5,030.20 lakh) as at 31 March 2024. The above losses will expire over 2	ne Company has not recorded of unabsorbed depreciation amo	deferred tax asset on
27	Earnings per share (EPS)		
	Weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year	35,885,398	35,885,398
	Potential equity shares on conversion of compulsorily convertible preference shares	2,400	2,400
	Weighted average number of shares used to compute diluted EPS	35,887,798	35,887,798
	Net profit/(loss) after tax attributable to equity shareholders	879.99	(3,799.42)
	Earnings/(Loss) per share		
	Basic	2.45	(10.59)
	Diluted (₹)	2.45	(10.59)
28	Assets pledged as security		
	The carrying amounts of assets pledged as security for current borrowings are:	As at	As at
	Current (First charge)	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
	Non-financial assets		
	Inventories (*)	16,406.79	23,098.41
	Total assets pledged as securities	16,406.79	23,098.41
	Total accost prouged ac occurred	10,400.79	23,030.41

(*) Includes the assets pledged for the loans availed by Holding company and other related parties.

29 Financials instruments

Financial instruments by category

The carrying value and fair value of financial instruments by categories as at 31 March 2024 were as follows:

Particulars	Note	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortized cost	Total carrying value	Total fair value
Financial assets :						
Loans	11	-	-	2,063.05	2,063.05	2,063.05
Trade receivables	9	-	-	576.22	576.22	576.22
Cash and cash equivalents	10	-	-	362.91	362.91	362.91
Other financial assets	5A & 5B	-	-	2,375.64	2,375.64	2,375.64
Total financial assets			-	5,377.82	5,377.82	5,377.82
Financial liabilities :						
Borrowings	14	-	-	635.53	635.53	635.53
Lease liability	15A & 15B	-	-	58.72	58.72	58.72
Trade payables	17	-	-	3,032.03	3,032.03	3,032.03
Other financial liabilities	18	-	-	32,000.58	32,000.58	32,000.58
Total financial liabilities			-	35,726.86	35,726.86	35,726.86

The carrying value and fair value of financial instruments by categories as at 31 March 2023 were as follows:

Particulars		FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortized cost	Total carrying value	Total fair value
Financial assets :						
Loans	11	-	-	1,434.46	1,434.46	1,434.46
Trade receivables	9	-	-	701.00	701.00	701.00
Cash and cash equivalents	10	-	-	618.45	618.45	618.45
Other financial assets	5A & 5B	-	-	1,721.37	1,721.37	1,721.37
Total financial assets			-	4,475.28	4,475.28	4,475.28
Financial liabilities :						
Borrowings(*)	14	-	-	21,280.14	21,280.14	21,280.14
Lease liabilites	15A & 15B	-	-	92.19	92.19	92.19
Trade payables	17	-	-	2,720.62	2,720.62	2,720.62
Other financial liabilities	18	-	-	31,427.88	31,427.88	31,427.88
Total financial liabilities			-	55,520.83	55,520.83	55,520.83

Investment in equity shares of subsidiaries are measured as per Ind AS 27, 'separate financial statements' and have been excluded above.

i. Notes to financial instruments

The management assessed that the fair value of cash and cash equivalents, loans, other financial assets, trade payables, short term borrowings and other financial liabilities approximate the carrying amount largely due to short-term maturity of these instruments.

The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities is included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The Company has measured investments in equity shares of subsidiaries at the deemed cost. The Company has considered the carrying amount under previous GAAP as the deemed cost.

ii. Fair value hierarchy

Financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value in the statement of financial position are grouped into three Levels of a fair value hierarchy. The three levels are defined based on the observability of significant inputs to the measurement, as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for financial instruments.
- Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximize the use of observable market data rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates.
- Level 3: Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on the observable marked data (unobservable inputs).

iii. Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value - recurring fair value measurements

The Company does not have any financial instruments which are measured at fair value either through statement of profit and loss or through other comprehensive income.

Bengal Shriram Hitech City Private Limited

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

30 Financial risk management

Financial risk factors

The Company's activities expose it to market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk. This note explains the sources of risk which the entity is exposed to and how the entity manages the risk and the related impact in the financial statements.

Risk	Exposure arising from	Measurement
Credit risk	Cash and cash equivalent, trade receivables, financial	Ageing analysis
	assets measured at amortized cost	
Liquidity risk	Borrowings and other financial liabilities	Rolling cash flow forecasts

The Company's risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (of the group) under policies approved by the board of directors. The board of directors provides principles for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas, such interest rate risk, credit risk and investment of excess liquidity.

A. Credit risk

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, loans, trade receivables, investments carried at amortized cost, deposits with banks and financial institutions and financial guarantees.

Credit risk management

The company assesses and manages credit risk of financial assets based on the following categories arrived on the basis of assumptions, inputs and factors specific to the class of financial assets.

- a. Low credit risk
- b. High credit risk

The Company provides for expected credit loss based on the following:

Asset group	Description Provisio	n for expenses credit loss (*)	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Low credit risk	Cash and cash equivalent, secured Life time	expected credit loss	14,898.57	21,196.31
	trade receivables and financial			
	guarantees			
High credit risk	Loans, unsecrured trade receivables Life time		4,479.25	3,178.97

(*) A default on a financial asset is when the counterparty fails to make contractual payments when they fall due. This definition of default is determined by considering the business environment in which entity operates and other macro-economic factors.

The Company considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis throughout each reporting period. In general, it is presumed that credit risk has significantly increased since initial recognition if the payments are more than 30 days past due.

Credit risk exposure

Provision for expected credit losses

The Company provides for expected credit loss based on lifetime expected credit loss basis for following financial assets:

31 March 2024

Particulars	Estimated gross carrying amount	Expected credit losses	Carrying amount net of impairment provision
Trade receivables	576.22	=	576.22
Loans	2,063.05	=	2,063.05
Cash and cash equivalents	362.91	-	362.91
Other financial assets	2,375.64	-	2,375.64
Financial guarantees	14,000.00	-	14,000.00

31 March 2023

Particulars	Estimated gross carrying amount	Expected credit losses	Carrying amount net of impairment provision
Trade receivables	701.00	=	701.00
Loans	1,434.46	=	1,434.46
Cash and cash equivalents	618.45	=	618.45
Other financial assets	1,721.37	-	1,721.37
Financial guarantees	19,900.00	-	19,900.00

Expected credit loss for trade receivables under simplified approach

Trade receivables are secured in a form that registry of sold residential units is not processed till the time the Company does not receive the entire payment. Hence, as the Company does not have significant credit risk, it does not present the information related to ageing pattern. The company has widespread customer base and no single customer accounted for 10% or more of revenue in any of the years indicated.

During the periods presented, the Company made no write-offs of trade receivables and it does not expect to receive future cash flows or recoveries from collection of cash flows previously written off.

30 Financial risk management (Continued)

B. Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due. Due to the nature of the business, the Company maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining availability under committed facilities.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Company's liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. The Company takes into account the liquidity of the market in which the entity operates. In addition, the Company's liquidity management policy involves projecting cash flows in major currencies and considering the level of liquid assets necessary to meet these, monitoring balance sheet liquidity ratios against internal and external regulatory requirements and maintaining debt financing plans.

Maturities of financial liabilities

The tables below analyse the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities for all financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

31 March 2024	Less than 1 year	1 year to 5 years	5 years and above	Total
Non-derivatives				
Borrowings	635.53	-	_	635.53
Lease liabilites	45.61	19.00	-	64.61
Trade payables	2,233.76	798.27	_	3,032.03
Other financial liabilities	27,328.66	5,958.50	_	33,287.16
Total	30,243.56	6,775.77	-	37,019.34

31 March 2023	Less than 1 year	1 year to 5 years	5 years and above	Total
Non-derivatives				
Borrowings	21,280.14	-	-	21,280.14
Lease liabilites	43.63	64.61	-	108.24
Trade payables	2,370.72	349.91	-	2,720.63
Other financial liabilities	18,345.39	17,863.53	-	36,208.92
Total	42,039.88	18,278.05	-	60,317.93

31 Capital management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to:

Safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, so that they can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Company monitors its capital using gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total equity. Net debt includes long term borrowings, short term borrowings, current maturities of long term borrowings less cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances.

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call loans and borrowings. There have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing loans and borrowing in the current period. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Short term borrowings	635.53	21,280.14
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(362.91)	(618.45)
Net debt	272.62	20,661.69
Total equity	37,477.12	16,601.97
Gearing ratio	0.01	1.24

32 Related party transactions

(i) Names of the related parties and description of relationship

(a) Party exercising control Relationship
Shriram Properties Limited Holding company

(b) Key management personnel (KMP)

M Murali Director
Krishna Veeraraghavan Director
Ram Shankar Venkataraman Additional Director
Vaidyanathan Ramamurthy Independent director
Balamurugan Jeeva Rathinam Independent director

(c) Subsidiary

SPL Estates Private Limited Wholly owned Subsidiary

(d) Other related parties

Shriprop Properties Private Limited
Shrivision Homes Private Limited
Shriprop Builders Private Limited
Shriprop Projects Private Limited
Shriprop Projects Private Limited
SPL Palms Developers Private Limited
Shriprop Projects Private Limited
Shriprop Projects Private Limited
Shriprop Projects Private Limited
Splow subsidiary
Shriprop Projects Private Limited
Fellow subsidiary
Shriprop Projects Private Limited
Fellow subsidiary
Fellow subsidiary
Fellow subsidiary

Shrivision Towers Private Limited

Joint venture of Holding company (Shriram Properties Limited)

SPL Towers Private Limited

Joint venture of Holding company (Shriram Properties Limited)

(ii) Balances with related parties

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Shriram Properties Limited		
Borrowings	635.53	21,280.14
Optionally convertible debentures (#)	20,000.00	-
Corporate guarantee given	6,500.00	6,500.00
Security given	4,917.52	8,739.69
Unbilled revenue	85.23	49.67
Shrivision Homes Private Limited		
Corporate guarantee given	-	5,900.00
Security given	-	1,598.03
SPL Estates Private Limited		
Corporate guarantee given	7,500.00	7,500.00
Advances received towards JDA	1,591.62	2,642.25
Unbilled revenue	75.21	79.52
Deferred income	39.63	66.00
Loan given by the Company	2,063.05	1,434.46
Proportionate share of constructed properties	8,879.59	8,547.10
Revenue share receivable	2,344.46	1,693.32
Security given (*)	2,905.37	2,792.04
Shriprop Properties Private Limited		
Security given (\$)	2,905.37	-
Security deposit received	6,000.00	6,000.00
Shriprop Projects Private Limited		
Security given (*)	1,064.12	1,022.61
SPL Palms Developers Private Limited		
Security given (*)	1,709.04	1,642.38
Global Entropolis Vizag Private Limited		
Security given	-	6,109.65
Shrivision Towers Private Limited		
Security given	2,905.37	1,194.01
Unbilled revenue	103.09	29.86
Shriram Living Spaces Private Limited		
Unbilled revenue	1.02	1.92

^(*) No additional security given during the year, however, the increase is primarily on account of increase in value of the underlying inventory pledged.

^(#) The debentures were issued by conversion of intercorporate loan to Optionally convertible debentures.

^(\$) The pledge is yet to be created in favour of the lender

32 Related party transactions (continued)

-	(iii)	Tran	sactions	durina	the v	vear

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Shriram Properties Limited		
Loan taken	1,182.27	1,525.30
Optionally Convertible Debentures Issued	20,000.00	-
Loan repaid	21,916.35	3,184.62
Interest expense on borrowings	89.47	2,246.09
Mortgage income	85.23	42.04
Security given	-	10,283.52
Security given, taken back	4,013.97	10,634.37
Corporate guarantee given	-	6,500.00
Cross charge of marketing expenses on the Company	13.38	19.43
SPL Estates Private Limited		
Interest income on loan	231.33	259.50
Loan given	847.62	1,152.35
Loan given, received back	450.35	2,035.40
Income from guarantee commission	26.47	26.40
Revenue from transfer of development rights	651.14	739.93
Mortgage income	75.21	75.00
Security given	-	2,792.04
Shriram Living Spaces Private Limited		
Administrative income	1.02	1.92
Shriprop Builders Private Limited		2.24
Cross charge of marketing expenses on the Company	-	0.64
Shriprop Properties Private Limited		
Security given (\$)	2,905.37	-
Shriprop Projects Private Limited		
Cross charge of marketing expenses on the Company	-	0.77
Security given	-	1,022.61
Shrivision Homes Private Limited		
Security given, taken back	1,598.00	-
Corporate guarantee released	5,900.00	-
Shrivision Towers Private Limited		
Security given	1,711.36	1,194.01
Mortgage income	103.09	29.86
Global Entropolis Vizag Private Limited		
Security given, taken back	6,109.65	-
SPL Towers Private Limited		
Cross charge of marketing expenses on the Company	-	3.73
gg		

(\$) The pledge is yet to be created in favour of the lender

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33 A. Defined benefit plan

The Company has gratuity and vacation pay as defined benefit retirement plans for its employees. The Company provides for gratuity for employees in India as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Employees who are in continuous service for a period of 5 years are eligible for gratuity at the rate of 15 days basic salary for each year of service until the retirement age. The company have no plan assets as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

The following tables set out the funded status of gratuity plans and the amount recognized in Company's financial statements:

The maunts recognized in the Balance Sheet are as follows: 73.90 50.00 Present value of plan assets as at the end of the year 7.300 50.00 Not fisibility cocquized in the Balance Sheet 7.300 50.00 Very Changes in the present value of defined benefit obligation 3.00 4.00 Ending the present value of defined benefit obligation as at beginning of the year 5.00 4.00 Service cocts 13.22 4.50 Interest cost 13.00 3.00 2.00 Actuarial losses(gains) arising from 1.01 0.00 3.00 c-hange in flamical assumptions (0.46) 3.92 2.00 e-change in flamical assumptions as sumptions as a sumption of the service warrance (i.e. Actual experiences assumptions) (0.46) 3.92 Benefits paid 5.1 5.00 5.00 Courself Council fability 65.21 5.01 5.00 Current 65.21 5.01 5.00 6.00 4.14 4.14 4.14 4.14 4.14 4.14 4.14 4.14 4.14 4.14 4.14 4.14		The following tables set out the funded status of gratuity plans and the amount recognized in Company's final	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Fair value of plan assets as at the end of the year	1	•	70.00	50.00
Net liability recognized in the Balance Sheet 1909		•	73.90	52.00
C Changes in the present value of defined benefit obligation Defined benefit obligation as at beginning of the year \$5,00 40,09 52,00 40,09 52,00 40,09 52,00 40,09 52,00 40,09 52,00 10,00 20,00 10,20 40,00 30,20 60,00 60,00 60,00 60,00 60,00 60,00 60,00 60,00 60,00 50		·	72.00	<u>-</u>
Defined benefit obligation as at beginning of the year 13.22 4.59 Interest cost 13.22 4.59 Interest cost 13.23 2.70 Interest cost 13.23 2.70 Interest cost 14.03 3.83 2.70 Interest cost 15.03 3.83 3.83 2.70 Interest cost 15.03 3.83 3.83 2.70 Interest cost 15.03 3.83 3.83 2.70 Interest cost 15.03 3.93 3.93 3.93 3.93 3.93 3.93 3.93 3		Net liability recognized in the Balance Sneet	73.90	52.00
Service cost 13.22 4.59 Interest cost 3.88 2.70 Actuarial losses/(gains) arising from	2	· · ·		
Interest cost		Defined benefit obligation as at beginning of the year	52.00	40.09
Actuarial losses/(gains) arising from - change in demographic assumptions 0.4.30 0.7 - change in financial assumptions 0.0.46 0.3.22 Benefits paid 0.0.46 0.3.22 Benefits paid 0.0.46 0.0.20 Defined benefit obligation as at the end of the year 0.0.20 S		Service cost	13.22	
- change in demographic assumptions 1.0 0.70 - change in demographic assumptions 0.0.46 3.02 - change in financial assumptions 0.0.46 3.02 - Defined benefit obligation as at the end of the year 73.90 52.00 - Defined benefit obligation as at the end of the year 73.90 52.00 - Defined benefit obligation as at the end of the year 73.90 52.00 - Defined benefit obligation as at the end of the year 73.90 52.00 - Defined benefit obligation as at the end of the year 73.90 6.00 - Discount rate 7.18 7.78 7.78 Discount rate 7.18 7.78 7.78 Discount rate 7.18 7.18 7.78 7.78 Discount rate 7.18 7.18 7.18 7.18 7.18 Attrition rate based on age band 20.00 6.00			3.83	2.70
- c. perien financial assumptions 0.1		te / e		=
Company				=
Perfect Perf				
Politicate benefit obligation as at the end of the year 13.90 15.00 15		- experience variance (i.e. Actual experiences assumptions)	(0.46)	3.92
3 Classification of liability Non-current 65.21 50.11 Current 8.69 1.89 Assumptions used in the above valuations are as under: - Discount rate 7.18% 7.37% Salary increase 7.18% 7.37% Attrition rate based on age band 20.00% 6.00% 40-45 20.00% 6.00% 45-50 12.50% 3.75% 50-55 6.25% 2.00% 55 & Above 2.00% 60.9ears 8 Net gratuity cost 2.00% 60.years 5 everience cost 13.22 4.59 Net interest cost on the net defined benefit liability 3.83 2.70 Components of defined benefit costs recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss 17.06 7.29 5 Other comprehensive income 10.01 (0.70) Change in financial assumptions (1.01) (0.70) Change in financial assumptions (1.01) (0.70) Change in financial assumptions (1.01) (0.70) Change in financial ass			-	-
Non-current		Defined benefit obligation as at the end of the year	73.90	52.00
Current 8.69 1.89 Assumptions used in the above valuations are as under: - - Discount rate 4.14% 4.14% Attrition rate based on age band 21-40 20.00% 6.00% 40-45 18.75% 5.63% 45-50 6.25% 2.00% 10.00% 55 & Above 6.09 vers 60 years 60 years Retirement age 60 years 60 years 60 years 4 Net gratuity cost 13.22 4.59 Net interest cost on the net defined benefit liability 13.22 4.59 Net interest cost on the net defined benefit costs recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss 17.06 7.29 5 Other comprehensive income 11.01 (0.70) Change in financial assumptions (1.01) (0.70) Change in financial assumptions (1.01) (0.70) Change in demographic assumptions (1.01) (0.70) Experience variance (i.e. actual experience versus assumptions) 0.46 3.92 Experience Adjustments 7.390 52.00	3	•		
Assumptions used in the above valuations are as under: Discount rate 7.18% 7.37% 7.37% Salary increase 4.14% 4.14% 4.14% A.14% A				
Discount rate		Current	8.69	1.89
Salary increase 4.14% 4.14% Attrition rate based on age band 20.00% 6.00% 40-45 18.75% 5.63% 45-50 12.50% 3.75% 50-55 6.25% 2.00% 55 & Above 2.00% 60 years Retirement age 60 years 60 years 8 rivice cost 13.22 4.59 Net interest cost on the net defined benefit lability 3.83 2.70 Components of defined benefit costs recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss 17.06 7.29 5 Other comprehensive income (1.01) (0.70) Change in financial assumptions (1.01) (0.70) Change in demographic assumptions (4.30) - Components of defined benefit costs recognized in other comprehensive income (1.01) (0.70) Experience variance (i.e. actual experience versus assumptions) 7.30 5.20 Components of defined benefit costs recognized in other comprehensive income 73.90 52.00 Plan assets - - - Defined benefit obligation at the end of the		Assumptions used in the above valuations are as under:		- -
Attrition rate based on age band 21-40 20.00% 6.00% 40-45 18.75% 5.63% 45-50 12.50% 3.75% 50-55 6.25% 2.00% 55 & Above 2.00% 10.00% Retirement age 60 years 60 years 4 Net gratuity cost Service cost 13.22 4.59 Net interest cost on the net defined benefit liability 3.83 2.70 Components of defined benefit costs recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss 17.06 7.29 5 Other comprehensive income Change in financial assumptions (1.01) (0.70) Change in demographic assumptions (3.0) - Experience Adjustments (1.01) (0.70) Plan asset 7.9 5.2.00		Discount rate	7.18%	7.37%
21-40		Salary increase	4.14%	4.14%
40-45		Attrition rate based on age band		
45-50 12.50% 3.75% 50-55 6.25% 2.00% 55 & Above Retirement age 60 years 60 years 4 Net gratuity cost Service cost 13.22 4.59 Net interest cost on the net defined benefit liability 3.83 2.70 Components of defined benefit costs recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss 17.06 7.29 5 Other comprehensive income Change in financial assumptions (1.01) (0.70) Change in demographic assumptions (4.30) - Change in demographic assumptions (4.30) - Components of defined benefit costs recognized in other comprehensive income 4.30 - Experience variance (i.e. actual experience versus assumptions) 0.46 (3.92) Components of defined benefit costs recognized in other comprehensive income 4.84) 4.622 6 Experience Adjustments 73.90 52.00 Plan assets - - Surplus/(deficit) 73.90 52.00 Experience adjustments on plan liabilities 0.046 3.90 Experience adjustments on plan assets - - Towa		21-40	20.00%	6.00%
50-55 6.25% 2.00% 55 & Above 2.00% 1.00% Retirement age 60 years 60 years 4 Net gratuity cost Service cost 13.22 4.59 Net interest cost on the net defined benefit liability 3.83 2.70 Components of defined benefit costs recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss 17.06 7.29 5 Other comprehensive income Change in financial assumptions (1.01) (0.70) Change in demographic assumptions (1.01) (0.70) Change in demographic assumptions (4.30) Experience variance (i.e. actual experience versus assumptions) 0.46 (3.92) Components of defined benefit costs recognized in other comprehensive income 7.30 52.00 Experience Adjustments - - Defined benefit obligation at the end of the year 7.390 52.00 Experience adjustments on plan liabilities 0.46 3.90 Experience adjustments on plan assets - - Toward 7.50 - Exper		40-45	18.75%	5.63%
55 & Above Retirement age 2.00% 60 years 1.00% 60 years 4 Net gratuity cost Service cost 13.22 4.59 Net interest cost on the net defined benefit liability Components of defined benefit costs recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss 17.06 7.29 5 Other comprehensive income 17.06 7.29 Change in financial assumptions (1.01) (0.70) Change in demographic assumptions (1.01) (0.70) Change in demographic assumptions (4.30) - Components of defined benefit costs recognized in other comprehensive income 4.84 4.62 Experience Adjustments 3.90 52.00 Plan assets - - Surplus/(deficit) 73.90 52.00 Experience adjustments on plan liabilities 3.90 52.00 Experience adjustments on plan assets - -		45-50	12.50%	3.75%
Retirement age 60 years 60 years 4 Net gratuity cost Service cost 13.22 4.59 Net interest cost on the net defined benefit liability 3.83 2.70 Components of defined benefit costs recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss 17.06 7.29 5 Other comprehensive income 4.101 (0.70) Change in financial assumptions (1.01) (0.70) Change in demographic assumptions (4.30) - Experience variance (i.e. actual experience versus assumptions) 0.46 (3.92) Components of defined benefit costs recognized in other comprehensive income 7.30 5.20 Experience Adjustments 7.390 52.00 Plan assets 7. - - Surplus/(deficit) 7.3.90 52.00 Experience adjustments on plan liabilities (0.46) 3.90 Experience adjustments on plan assets - - Twenty Profile of Defined Benefit Obligation 9.16 2.20 Multin the next 12 months 9.16 2.20 Between 1 and 5 years 26.43 7.50 <td></td> <td>50-55</td> <td>6.25%</td> <td>2.00%</td>		50-55	6.25%	2.00%
4 Net gratuity cost Service cost 13.22 4.59 Net interest cost on the net defined benefit liability 3.83 2.70 Components of defined benefit costs recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss 17.06 7.29 5 Other comprehensive income Change in financial assumptions (1.01) (0.70) Change in demographic assumptions (4.30) - Experience variance (i.e. actual experience versus assumptions) 0.46 (3.92) Components of defined benefit costs recognized in other comprehensive income 4.84) 4.62) 6 Experience Adjustments 73.90 52.00 Plan assets - - Surplus/(deficit) 73.90 52.00 Experience adjustments on plan liabilities (0.46) 3.90 Experience adjustments on plan assets - - 7 Maturity Profile of Defined Benefit Obligation 9.16 2.20 Vear Within the next 12 months 9.16 2.20 Between 1 and 5 years 26.43 7.50 From 5 years and onwards 99.81 134.90		55 & Above	2.00%	1.00%
Service cost 13.22 4.59 Net interest cost on the net defined benefit liability 3.83 2.70 Components of defined benefit costs recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss 17.06 7.29 5 Other comprehensive income (1.01) (0.70) Change in financial assumptions (1.01) (0.70) Change in demographic assumptions (4.30) - Experience variance (i.e. actual experience versus assumptions) 0.46 (3.92) Components of defined benefit costs recognized in other comprehensive income 7.40 4.84) 4.62) 6 Experience Adjustments 73.90 52.00 Plan assets - - - - Surplus/(deficit) 73.90 52.00 Experience adjustments on plan liabilities (0.46) 3.90 Experience adjustments on plan assets - - Tyear Auturity Profile of Defined Benefit Obligation 9.16 2.20 Mithin the next 12 months 9.16 2.20 Between 1 and 5 years 26.43 7.50 From 5 years and onwards </td <td></td> <td>Retirement age</td> <td>60 years</td> <td>60 years</td>		Retirement age	60 years	60 years
Service cost 13.22 4.59 Net interest cost on the net defined benefit liability 3.83 2.70 Components of defined benefit costs recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss 17.06 7.29 5 Other comprehensive income (1.01) (0.70) Change in financial assumptions (1.01) (0.70) Change in demographic assumptions (4.30) - Experience variance (i.e. actual experience versus assumptions) 0.46 (3.92) Components of defined benefit costs recognized in other comprehensive income 7.40 4.84) 4.62) 6 Experience Adjustments 73.90 52.00 Plan assets - - - - Surplus/(deficit) 73.90 52.00 Experience adjustments on plan liabilities (0.46) 3.90 Experience adjustments on plan assets - - Tyear Auturity Profile of Defined Benefit Obligation 9.16 2.20 Mithin the next 12 months 9.16 2.20 Between 1 and 5 years 26.43 7.50 From 5 years and onwards </td <td>4</td> <td>Net gratuity cost</td> <td></td> <td></td>	4	Net gratuity cost		
Net interest cost on the net defined benefit lability Components of defined benefit costs recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss 3.83 2.70 5 Other comprehensive income 17.06 7.29 Change in financial assumptions (1.01) (0.70) Change in demographic assumptions (4.30) - Experience variance (i.e. actual experience versus assumptions) 0.46 (3.92) Components of defined benefit costs recognized in other comprehensive income 73.90 52.00 Experience Adjustments 7 73.90 52.00 Plan assets - - - Surplus/(deficit) 73.90 52.00 Experience adjustments on plan liabilities (0.46) 3.90 Experience adjustments on plan assets - - 7 Maturity Profile of Defined Benefit Obligation 2 - Year Within the next 12 months 9.16 2.20 Between 1 and 5 years 26.43 7.50 From 5 years and onwards 99.81 134.90			13 22	4 59
Components of defined benefit costs recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss 17.06 7.29 5 Other comprehensive income				
5 Other comprehensive income Change in financial assumptions (1.01) (0.70) Change in demographic assumptions (4.30) - Experience variance (i.e. actual experience versus assumptions) 0.46 (3.92) Components of defined benefit costs recognized in other comprehensive income (4.84) (4.62) 6 Experience Adjustments -		·		
Change in financial assumptions (1.01) (0.70) Change in demographic assumptions (4.30) - Experience variance (i.e. actual experience versus assumptions) 0.46 (3.92) Components of defined benefit costs recognized in other comprehensive income (4.84) (4.62) 6 Experience Adjustments 73.90 52.00 Plan assets - - - Surplus/(deficit) 73.90 52.00 Experience adjustments on plan liabilities (0.46) 3.90 Experience adjustments on plan assets - - 7 Maturity Profile of Defined Benefit Obligation - - Year Within the next 12 months 9.16 2.20 Between 1 and 5 years 26.43 7.50 From 5 years and onwards 99.81 134.90	5	Other comprehensive income		
Change in demographic assumptions (4.30) - Experience variance (i.e. actual experience versus assumptions) 0.46 (3.92) Components of defined benefit costs recognized in other comprehensive income (4.84) (4.62) 6 Experience Adjustments Total content of the year	J	·	(4.04)	(0.70)
Experience variance (i.e. actual experience versus assumptions) 0.46 (3.92) Components of defined benefit costs recognized in other comprehensive income 4.84) (4.62) 6 Experience Adjustments 73.90 52.00 Defined benefit obligation at the end of the year 73.90 52.00 Plan assets - - - Surplus/(deficit) 73.90 52.00 Experience adjustments on plan liabilities (0.46) 3.90 Experience adjustments on plan assets - - 7 Maturity Profile of Defined Benefit Obligation Year Within the next 12 months 9.16 2.20 Between 1 and 5 years 26.43 7.50 From 5 years and onwards 99.81 134.90		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, ,	(0.70)
Components of defined benefit costs recognized in other comprehensive income (4.84) (4.62) 6 Experience Adjustments 52.00 73.90 52.00 Plan assets 73.90 52.00 Surplus/(deficit) 73.90 52.00 Experience adjustments on plan liabilities (0.46) 3.90 Experience adjustments on plan assets - - 7 Maturity Profile of Defined Benefit Obligation Year Year Within the next 12 months 9.16 2.20 Between 1 and 5 years 26.43 7.50 From 5 years and onwards 99.81 134.90				(2.02)
Experience Adjustments Defined benefit obligation at the end of the year 73.90 52.00 Plan assets - - Surplus/(deficit) 73.90 52.00 Experience adjustments on plan liabilities (0.46) 3.90 Experience adjustments on plan assets - - 7 Maturity Profile of Defined Benefit Obligation Year Within the next 12 months 9.16 2.20 Between 1 and 5 years 26.43 7.50 From 5 years and onwards 99.81 134.90				
Defined benefit obligation at the end of the year 73.90 52.00 Plan assets - - Surplus/(deficit) 73.90 52.00 Experience adjustments on plan liabilities (0.46) 3.90 Experience adjustments on plan assets - - 7 Maturity Profile of Defined Benefit Obligation Year Year Within the next 12 months 9.16 2.20 Between 1 and 5 years 26.43 7.50 From 5 years and onwards 99.81 134.90		·	(4.04)	(4.62)
Plan assets - - - - - - - - - 0.00 52.00 Experience adjustments on plan liabilities (0.46) 3.90 52.00 52.00 - </td <td>6</td> <td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td> <td>70.00</td> <td>50.00</td>	6	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	70.00	50.00
Surplus/(deficit) 73.90 52.00 Experience adjustments on plan liabilities (0.46) 3.90 Experience adjustments on plan assets - - 7 Maturity Profile of Defined Benefit Obligation Year Within the next 12 months 9.16 2.20 Between 1 and 5 years 26.43 7.50 From 5 years and onwards 99.81 134.90		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	73.90	52.00
Experience adjustments on plan liabilities (0.46) 3.90 Experience adjustments on plan assets - - 7 Maturity Profile of Defined Benefit Obligation Year Vear 9.16 2.20 Between 1 and 5 years 26.43 7.50 From 5 years and onwards 99.81 134.90			73 90	52 00
Experience adjustments on plan assets 7 Maturity Profile of Defined Benefit Obligation Year Within the next 12 months Between 1 and 5 years From 5 years and onwards 9.16 2.20 9.16 2.20 9.10 134.90				
Year Year Within the next 12 months 9.16 2.20 Between 1 and 5 years 26.43 7.50 From 5 years and onwards 99.81 134.90			-	-
Year Year Within the next 12 months 9.16 2.20 Between 1 and 5 years 26.43 7.50 From 5 years and onwards 99.81 134.90	7	Maturity Profile of Defined Benefit Obligation		
Between 1 and 5 years 26.43 7.50 From 5 years and onwards 99.81 134.90	'	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Between 1 and 5 years 26.43 7.50 From 5 years and onwards 99.81 134.90			9.16	2.20
		Between 1 and 5 years	26.43	
		From 5 years and onwards	99.81	134.90
			135.40	144.60

B. Defined contribution plan

The Company makes contribution of statutory provident fund as per Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952 and Employees State Insurance Scheme as per the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948. This is a defined contribution and contribution made was ₹ 37.76 Lakhs,(31 March 2023: ₹ 31.32 Lakhs).

33 Defined benefit plan (contd.)

C. Sensitivity analysis

Liquidity Risk:

Description of risk exposures

Valuations are performed on certain basic set of pre-determined assumptions which may vary over time. Thus, the Company is exposed to various risks in providing the above benefit which are as follows:

The plan exposes the Company to the risk of fall in interest rates. A fall in interest rates will result in an increase in the ultimate cost Interest rate risk:

of providing the above benefit and will thus result in an increase in the value of liability (as shown in financial statements). This is the risk that the Company is not able to meet the short term benefit payouts. This may arise due to non availability of

enough cash/cash equivalent to meet the liabilities or holding of illiquid assets not being sold in time.

Salary Escalation The present value of the above benefit plan is calculated with the assumption of salary increase rate of plan participants in future. Deviation in the rate of increase in salary in future for plan participants from the rate of increase in salary used to determine the Risk:

present value of obligation will have a bearing on the plan's liability.

Demographic Risk: The company has used certain mortality and attrition assumptions in valuation of the liability. The Company is exposed to the risk of

actual experience turning out to be worse compared to the assumption.

Regulatory Risk: Gratuity benefit is paid in accordance with the requirements of the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 (as amended from time to time).

There is a risk of change in regulations requiring higher gratuity payouts (for example, increase in the maximum liability on gratuity

of ₹ 20.00 lakhs).

Asset Liability Mismatching or Market Risk:

The duration of the liability is longer compared to duration of assets exposing the company to market risks for volatilities/fall in

interest rate.

Investment Risk: The probability or likelihood of occurrence of losses relative to the expected return on any particular investment.

Significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of the defined benefit obligation are discount rate, expected salary increase and mortality. The sensitivity analysis below have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant. The results of sensitivity analysis is given below:

Gratuity	31 Marc	h 2024	31 Mar	ch 2023
	Decrease	Increase	Decrease	Increase
Discount rate (+ / - 1.0%)	6.41%	7.26%	10.49%	12.39%
Salary growth rate (- / + 1.0%)	5.31%	5.91%	9.11%	10.65%
Attrition rate (- / + 1.0%)	0.95%	0.83%	2.35%	2.72%

Sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated. There are no changes from the previous period in the methods and assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis.

There is no change in the method of valuation for the prior period.

34 Leases

Following are the changes in the carrying value of right of use assets for the year ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023: ROU asset

Particulars	Buildings	Total
Net block as on 01 April 2022	91.56	91.56
Depreciation for the year	(26.69)	(26.69)
Net block as on 31 March 2023	64.87	64.87
Depreciation for the year	(26.81)	(26.81)
Net block as on 31 March 2024	38.06	38.06

Net block as on 31 March 2024	38.06	38.06
The following is the movement in lease liabilities during the year ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023:		
Particulars	Lease liability	Total
As on 01 April 2022	118.01	118.01
Interest expense	13.85	13.85
Payments	(39.66)	(39.66)
As on 31 March 2023	92.19	92.19
Interest expense	10.15	10.15
Payments	(43.63)	(43.63)
As on 31 March 2024	58.72	58.72
Current	40.32	33.47
Non-current Section 2012	18.40	58.72
The incremental borrowing rate applied to lease liabilities as at 1 April 2022 is 13%		
Lease liabilities:	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
The maturity analysis of lease liabilities are disclosed below:		
Not later than one year	45.61	43.63
Later than one year and not later than five year	19.00	64.61
Later than five years	-	-
Future interest expense	(5.90)	(16.05)
Total	58.72	92.19
The following are the amounts recognised in profit & loss	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Depreciation expense of right-of-use assets	26.81	26.69
Interest expense on lease liabilities	10.15	13.85
Expense relating to short-term leases	11.23	9.52
Total amount recognised in the statement of profit and loss	48.19	50.06

35 Disclosures required under Ind AS 115 (Revenue from contract with customers)

a. Contract balances

The following table provides information about receivables, contract assets and contract liabilities from contract with customers:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023	
Contract assets			
Unbilled revenue	264.56	160.97	
Total contract assets	264.56	160.97	
Contract liabilities			
Revenue received in advance	26,586.32	32,254.41	
Total contract liabilities	26,586.32	32,254.41	
Receivables			
Trade receivables	576.22	701.00	
Total receivables	576.22	701.00	

b. Significant changes in the contract liabilities balances during the year are as follows:

	Contract	Contract liabilities			
Particulars	Advances fro	Advances from customers			
rai ilculai s	As at	As at			
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023			
Opening balance	32,254.41	36,343.10			
Addition during the year	8,188.04	7,864.08			
Revenue recognised during the year	(13,856.13)	(11,952.77)			
Closing balance	26,586.32	32,254.41			

c. Significant changes in contract asset balances during the year are as follows:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
	Unbilled revenue	Unbilled revenue
Opening balance	160.97	433.92
Administrative income recognised	1.02	1.92
Mortgage Fee	263.53	146.87
Billed during the year	(160.96)	(421.74)
Closing balance	264.56	160.97

d. Reconciliation of revenue recognised with contract revenue:

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended	
raticulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023	
Sale of constructed properties	13,856.13	11,952.77	
Administrative income	1.02	1.92	
Mortgage Fee	263.53	146.87	
Revenue recognised	14,120.68	12,101.56	

e. The performance obligation of the Company in case of sale of residential apartments is satisfied once the project is completed and control is transferred to the customers. The customer makes the payment for contracted price as per the installment stipulated in the customers's agreement which can be cancelled by the customer at convenience.

The transaction price of the remaining performance obligations (unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied) as at 31 March 2024 is ₹ 34,004.32 lakhs (31 March 2023: ₹ 42,155.20 lakhs). The same is expected to be recognised within 1 to 4 years.

36 Segmental information

The Company is engaged in the development and construction of residential which is considered to be the only reportable business segment as per Ind AS 108, 'Segment Reporting'.

Major Customers

The Company has widespread customer base and no single customer accounted for 10% or more of revenue in the current year and hence, the Company does not have any concentration risk.

37 Corporate social responsibility expenses

Since the Company does not meet the criteria specified in Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company is not required to spend any amount on activities related to corporate social responsibility for the year ended 31 March 2024.

38 Other commitments and contingencies:

A. Contingent liabilities

Claims against the company not acknowledged as debts

Income tax matters (refer note b below)

31 March 2024 31 March 2023 1,417.56 1,417.56

- a. The Company is involved in a legal case on land relating to environmental issues. The same is pending with the Court and scheduled for hearings shortly. After considering the circumstances and legal advice received the management believes that this case will not adversely affect its financial statements.
- b. The Company received tax demands from the Income tax authorities, arising on disallowance of business loss due to non-commencement of business for the fiscal years ended 31 March 2012, 31 March 2013 and 31 March 2014. The Company is contesting the above demands and considering the facts and nature of disallowances the management believes that the final outcome of the disputes should be in favour of the Company and will not have any material adverse effect on the financial position and results of operations.

В.	Financial guarantees	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
	Guarantee given by the company on behalf of fellow subsidiary	7,500.00	13,400.00
	Guarantee given by the company on behalf of holding company	6,500.00	6,500.00

39 Ratios

Ratio Name	Numerator	Denominator	FY 23-24	FY 22-23	% of change	Explanation
Current Ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	1.58	1.17	34.89%	refer note a
Debt Equity Ratio	Total Debt	Shareholders equity	0.02	1.28	-98.68%	refer note a
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Earnings available for debt service (Net Profit after taxes+Interest +/- Non cash operating expenses/(income) +other adjustments)	Debt service (Interest and lease payments + Principal repayments)	45.79	22.18	106.39%	refer note b
Return on Equity Ratio	Net profit after taxes	Average shareholders equity	3.25%	-20.53%	115.85%	refer note c
Inventory Turnover ratio	Cost of revenue	Average Inventory	0.11	0.13	-16.38%	NA
Trade Recievables Turnover Ratio	Revenue from operations	Average trade receivables	21.58	10.59	103.79%	refer note d
Trade payables Turnover Ratio	Material and contract cost	Average trade Payables	2.17	2.13	1.88%	NA
Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Revenue from operations	Working capital (Current assets - Current liabilities)	0.37	0.78	-52.52%	refer note e
Net Profit Ratio	Net profit after taxes	Revenue from operations	6.39%	-31.94%	120.00%	refer note c
Return on Capital Employed	EBIT	Capital employed (Net worth + Total Debt - Deferred tax asset)	8.87%	2.61%	239.60%	refer note c
Return on investment	Interest income on bank deposits	Average bank deposits	-	-	NA	NA

Note

- a. Increase in the current ratio and decrease in debt equity ratio is mainly on account of decrease in borrowings from related parties during the current year on account of its conversion to optionally convertible debentures
- b. Increase in debt service coverage ratio is on account of increase in earnings available for debt service in current year
- c. Increase in the return on equity ratio, net profit ratio and return on capital employed is on account of profits during the current year.
- d. Increase in trade receivable turnover ratio is mainly on account of decrease in average trade receivables.
- e. Increase In net capital turnover ratio is mainly due to increase in working capital on account of conversion of borrowings from related parties during the year to optionally convertible debentures

40 Other statutory information

- (i) The Company has not advanced or provided loan to or invested funds in any entities including foreign entities (Intermediaries) or to any other persons, with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
 - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (ii) The Company has not received any fund from any persons or entities, including foreign entities (funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
 - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

41 Compliance with the requirement of the Audit Trail under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has prescribed a new requirement for companies under the proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 inserted by the Companies (Accounts) Amendment Rules 2021 requiring companies, which uses accounting software for maintaining its books of account, shall use only such accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail of each and every transaction, creating an edit log of each change made in the books of account along with the date when such changes were made and ensuring that the audit trail cannot be disabled.

During the financial year commencing on 1 April 2023, the Company has used an accounting software SAP for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has been operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software.

Audit trail (edit log) is enabled only at the application level as part of standard SAP framework in line with the recommendation in the accounting software administration guide which states that enabling the same at database level all the time consume storage space on the disk and can impact database performance significantly. Further, the Company's users have access to perform transactions only from the application level, and no access has been provided to any user for accessing database and there are no instances of audit trail feature being tampered with.

42 Events occurring after the reporting date

No adjusting or significant non-adjusting events have occurred between 31 March 2024 and the date of authorization of these financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLPF

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

For and behalf of the board of directors of Bengal Shriram Hitech City Private Limited

Sd/-	Sd/- Murali	Sd/- Krishna	Sd/-	Sd/- Madhu B.
Nikhil Vaid Partner	Malayappan Director DIN: 00030096	Veeraraghavan Director DIN: 06620405	Suresh KumarF Sarawagi Chief Financial Officer	Company Secretary ACS No. :72754
Membership No.: 213356 Hyderabad 29 May 2024	Bengaluru 29 May 2024	Bengaluru 29 May 2024	Kolkata 29 May 2024	Bengaluru 29 May 2024